

HE LEAVES TODAY.

Senator Morgan Is Due in Atlanta Tomorrow Afternoon at 4 O'Clock.

HE WILL GO RIGHT ON TO GRIFFIN

Washington Is Laughing in Its Sleeve at Hoke Smith.

HIS PEER LETTER CONFRONTS HIM

Only Two Years Before Cleveland Was Elected Mr. Smith Favored Free Coinage and a Subtreasury.

Washington, July 15.—(Special.)—Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, will leave Washington tomorrow (Tuesday) night on the vestibule limited for the Southern railway. This will put him in Atlanta at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, making immediate connection for Griffin, which place he will reach at about 5 o'clock p. m. Wednesday. He has accepted the invitation of Hon. Tom Crenshaw, of Griffin, to be his guest while there.

Senator Morgan has received more than 100 letters from Georgia during the past week, in which he has been profusely thanked for his acceptance of the invitation to make the leading address at the Griffin convention. These letters have come from many of the most prominent democrats in the state, by all of whom he has been assured of a royal welcome and a great crowd. The senator has given the past week almost entirely to the preparation of his speech, which he has just completed. He will speak about two hours, and his friends here say that it will be one of the greatest efforts of his life. When seen by The Constitution's correspondent today, he said:

"Yes, I have concluded my speech to be delivered in Georgia, and am about ready for the trip. It is not usual that I prepare addresses in advance, but I thought that it would be best to do so in this case, because I have a great many interesting things to say and a number of topics to discuss, and I decided it was best to put everything in shape in advance. I shall be very plain in what I say on the silver question, and in defense of the effort to restore silver to its full function as a standard money metal."

The senator would not discuss the question further, as he said his address would speak for itself.

All Washington Is Laughing.

All the politicians in Washington are laughing about the publication of Secretary Hoke Smith's letter written in the fall of 1893, in which he declared not only in favor of a modified subtreasury plan, by which the government was to issue dollars based on non-perishable agricultural products, but in which he made the unequivocal declaration that he favored the free coinage of silver, and also favored the issuance of treasury notes to take up the government bonds.

Since Secretary Smith has been in Washington he has been posing as one of the original so-called "sound money" men of the south. It has not been known heretofore that only a few years ago he was an earnest free silver man, and the fact that his change of sentiment dated from the time he entered the cabinet is received with considerable amusement here. The papers here published the peer letter on Sunday, and it simply served to whet interest in the arrival of The Constitution. The Georgia colony, all of whom read The Constitution, have been all agog over the letter today, and so earnestly is the secretary of the interior proached the gold standard for the last two years, that very few of them knew that he was actually in favor of free coinage as late as five years ago.

It is said that it is a difficult matter to get in reach of the secretary today, and that the atmosphere around the interior department is not laden with harmony. The secretary is not in a good humor, and it is probably natural that he should not be. Interior Department Agents at Work. It is a noticeable fact that quite a number of the Georgia employees of the interior department are given vacations, and that they are now at work in their respective localities in Georgia. A few weeks ago a large number of the Mississippi federal office holders were given vacations, in order that they might take an active interest in the campaign in that state. Ex-Lieutenant-Governor Sims, of Mississippi, now the first assistant in the interior department, was expected to figuratively set the woods on fire in Mississippi, and he left here with great flourish to raise the gold standard banner in the effort to have the democracy of that state sustain the administration's financial policy. He was defeated in his own home, and the patronage forces have suffered a complete rout in that state. They are gradually retreating, but there is a noticeable lack of warmth in their reception.

Trusts To Be the Postmasters. A wonderful evidence of the desperation with which the administration is endeavoring to force the gold standard policy on the democracy is the vigorous manner in which it is using the machinery of federal office holders.

It is said that several members of the cabinet have been furnished with millions of copies of Secretary Carlisle's Memphis speech, and that these are being distributed to postmasters throughout the country, with the request written on official cabinet paper that they be distributed.

Just who is paying for this remains to be seen, but it is probable that the fund comes from the "sound currency" committee of the Williams State Reform Club, of New York.

It is said that, through the instrumentality of some of the cabinet members, these speeches are being put in the hands of every fourth-class postmaster in the country. Though, to the credit of Secretary Olney, he it is said that he refused to use his position to distribute political literature.

It is reported that every member of the cabinet has been requested to send out gold standard literature, and evidence is at hand that several of them are actively at work doing so.

Altogether, the outlook for a most interesting campaign next winter is exceedingly promising, and it is the general opinion among well-known southern and western

democrats here that the only hope of the democracy is in heroic treatment and an unequivocal declaration in favor of the restoration of silver. It is believed that on such a platform it would carry every state in the south, one or two in the west and every trans-Mississippi state, which would easily secure victory. On a gold standard platform, however, or on any more equivocal declarations on the currency question, it is feared that there will be a tremendous slump in state which have heretofore been considered solidly democratic.

AN "OFFICIAL" LETTER.

The Cabinet Campaign for the Advancement of the Gold Standard, Bainbridge, Ga., July 15.—(Special.)—Woodland postoffice is one of the small fourth-class postoffices in this county.

Its postmaster is Mr. Cader H. Thomas, and he is a sterling citizen, being strictly a man of his own opinion, and if he has one characteristic above another, it is that he cannot be "used."

A few days ago Postmaster Thomas received the following letter written on the official paper of the interior department from Washington:

"Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C.—Mr. Cader H. Thomas, Postoffice, Woodland, Ga. My Dear Sir: With-out any purpose to affect your personal section I send you several copies of Secretary Carlisle's recent speeches. I will, however, appreciate your distributing them among those likely to read them. Yours very truly, H. O. SMITH."

Postmaster Thomas promptly consigned the speeches to his back yard and in reply wrote as follows:

"Woodland, Ga., July 12, 1895.—I respectfully decline. I am in favor of silver's restoration as a standard money metal, and I am in favor of the people. Respectfully, C. H. Thomas, Postmaster."

It is said that all of the fourth-class postmasters in this section are receiving similar letters, and as they are written on the official paper of a cabinet officer, it is of course intended to convey a semi-official request that these federal officeholders must subscribe the desire of those in charge at Washington, and that the financial policy which the democrats of Georgia have been antagonizing for years, shall be indorsed and approved.

But Decatur county has one postmaster who cannot be used for such a purpose and there are probably others like him.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Carlisle Won't Talk About the Foreign Gold Shipment.

Washington, July 15.—Secretary Carlisle said this morning that he had no opinion to express on the financial situation or as to the resumption of gold shipments abroad. The general feeling among the treasury officials is that the small shipment of \$2,000,000 of gold, which was valued at \$25,000,000, taken from the New York subtreasury, is not the beginning of continuous and larger shipments and that the Belmont-Morgan syndicate will continue to supply sterling exchange according to the terms of their contract, which does not expire until October 1st next. Since Saturday the treasury gold reserve shows a loss of \$22,000,000, standing at the close of business today at \$107,000,000.

Miner Director Preston reports the total coinage at United States mints during the past fiscal year at \$9,611,112 pieces, at a value of \$63,715,549, as follows: Gold, \$48,938,476; silver, \$14,800,489; minor coins, \$111,584. Of the silver coined, \$3,565,011 were in standard silver dollars.

MILLIKEN MAY SURRENDER.

District Attorney Birney at Least Expects Him To Come In.

Washington, July 15.—(Special.)—It is more than probable that Benjamin H. Milliken, who was indicted last Thursday for breaking into and entering the residence of Judge Samuel P. Phillips, with intent to feloniously assault the latter's daughter, Gertrude, will surrender himself to the authorities in a few days. This afternoon Mr. W. H. Milliken, of the postoffice department, a brother of the indicted man, called upon District Attorney Birney in relation to the case. Beyond admitting that much, Mr. Birney would say nothing more as to the object of Mr. Milliken's call upon him, but the district attorney remarked significantly that he would not be the least bit surprised if the accused man surrendered himself within a short period.

"Indeed," continued Mr. Birney, "I would, if I were his counsel or friends, so advise him. It is only a question of time when he will be apprehended and he is doing himself harm by eluding arrest. It would be far better to return and meet the charge, for in that way he would at least remove the presumption which flight and attempt to evade arrest raises against all accused persons."

Mr. Birney stated that he did not know the whereabouts of Milliken, but said that every effort would be made to locate and arrest him.

PLACED UNDER THE BAN.

Monsignor Sattoli Gives Notice That the Edict Must Be Observed.

Chicago, July 15.—Catholic members of the Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows and Sons of Temperance, were authoritatively placed under the ban of the Roman Catholic church by a published order, which went into effect yesterday, and was read from all the pulpits of that church in this diocese. Archbishop Fehman has been notified by Monsignor Sattoli, the papal delegate, that the edict is to be observed to the strictest letter. It affects some eight thousand Knights of Pythias and several thousand Odd Fellows and Sons of Temperance.

Miners Quitting Work.

Lapeer, Mich., July 15.—The miners of Lapeer and Neegaunee held a mass meeting at Union Park, which is situated between the two cities, this morning and decided to strike for higher wages. Delegations of the striking miners are visiting the towns of Lapeer and Neegaunee, and the strike is spreading to other districts. If the strike is not quickly settled, shipments of iron ore from the Marquette range will be greatly curtailed.

A Victim of the Tornado.

Wood Haven, L. I., July 15.—Another death, the second resulting from the tornado which swept over this town on Saturday afternoon, occurred yesterday afternoon. The name of the victim is John Kohn, a boy aged about fifteen years. The total number of injured is twenty-two, besides several others slightly wounded. No more cases are likely to prove fatal. The total loss to property in this township will reach \$50,000.

Hooker Carries Copiah Again.

Jackson, Miss., July 15.—In the second primary Saturday, Colonel Hooker carried Copiah county, defeating Congressman Money 28 votes for United States senator.

MISSOURI NEXT.

A State Convention Called by the Democratic Executive Committee.

IT IS TO BE HELD EARLY IN AUGUST

Goldbugs Fight To Have It Postponed and Are Defeated.

THEY PROVE TO BE WEAK IN NUMBERS

Chairman Moffitt Was with Them in Heart, but He Could Not Choose Off the Committee Men.

St. Louis, Mo., July 15.—(Special.)—By a vote of 12 to 3 the democratic state central committee in session today at the Southern hotel, decided to call a state silver convention. The convention will be held at Pertle Springs.

This action was promptly taken. The only difference of opinion was in reference to when the convention should be held. Many committeemen urged that the date be set for early in August.

The enemies of silver fought for delay. They wanted to put the convention off until October. After hours of discussion a vote was taken at 3:15 o'clock p. m. which made the date Tuesday, August 6th.

It was 11 o'clock before the corridor conferences and hoo-bing were over and the meeting of the democratic state central committee was called to order in room 66, at the Southern to discuss the question of a state monetary convention. Chairman Charles C. Moffitt called the meeting to order. The following members of the committee were present: Mr. Moffitt, two proxies from Bernard Corrigan, of the fifth, and J. P. Brown, of the seventh district; first district, John H. Carroll; second district, N. M. Baskett, proxy for Robert L. Ozier; third district, J. B. Thomas; fourth district, J. C. Davis; fifth district, Bernard Corrigan, by Moffitt, proxy; sixth district, H. W. Salmon; seventh district, J. P. Brown, by Moffitt, proxy; eighth district, J. W. Zevely; ninth district, B. Cook; tenth district, N. O. Steuver; eleventh district, J. C. Roberts; twelfth district, C. C. Moffitt; thirteenth district, H. L. Rosier; fourteenth district, A. C. Sherwood; fifteenth district, T. P. Connors.

Chairman Moffitt opened the meeting by entering into an explanation of why he had reconvened the committee. After Mr. Moffitt's explanation Colonel Carroll moved that the sense of the committee on holding a convention on the money question be taken. Without discussion a vote was taken on the question of holding a state convention and resulted as follows:

In favor of holding the convention: J. H. Carroll, N. M. Baskett, J. C. Davis, H. W. Salmon, J. W. Zevely, S. B. Cook, John C. Roberts, H. L. Rosier, A. C. Sherwood, T. P. Connors, J. R. Brown, C. C. Moffitt.

Opposed to the convention: J. B. Thomas, third district; A. C. Steuver, tenth district. Chairman Moffitt strenuously opposed a convention at this time, but one of the committeemen insisted on a vote, and it was carried by twelve to two in favor of a convention.

Moffitt refused to vote Corrigan's proxy, stating that Corrigan had simply wired his proxy without instructions. The question of holding a convention being settled, the plan was then taken up. Pertle Springs was chosen, Sedalia getting only a vote and a half. This was another victory for the silver men, the springs being a suburban town of the Missouri river.

Some of the United States senator F. W. Cookrell, situated in Johnson county, which is full of free silver democrats, mostly ex-confederate soldiers, whose motto is to fight everything that gets in their way or tries to run over them.

THE NICARAGUAN COMMISSION

On Its Way to New York To Prepare Its Report.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 15.—Permission being refused a Jacksonville Times-Union correspondent, who was en route to the United States, at Key West, he hired a quarantine boat and sent a list of questions to the commissioners, the following reply:

"In reply to your note of the 15th, delivered on board the Montgomery, inclosing a list of questions to be answered by the Nicaraguan canal commission, I am instructed to reply as follows:

"The names of the commissioners are Lieutenant Colonel William Ludlow, United States army, chairman; Civil Engineer M. B. Smith, United States navy, and Mr. Alfred Noble, civil engineer, of Chicago. Others of the party present are Dr. Edward R. Still, United States navy; Messrs. B. A. Wood, L. L. Parke and R. S. Standford, in Nicaragua, to complete some unfinished work and will follow shortly. It would not be proper to furnish any information with regard to the canal, as the report of the commission, to be made to the president on or before November 1st, cannot be anticipated. The commission has had a most interesting and instructive trip, landing at Greytown on the 18th of May, and making a thorough exploration of the route of the proposed Nicaragua canal, much of it on foot through the forests of the eastern division. Returning to Greytown on the 18th, the party left in the steamer Montgomery on the 24th of May, touched at Port Limon, and made a trip to San Jose and returned. The party had an admirable opportunity of observing railway construction through a very difficult country. Thence the party went to Colon, arriving there July 1st, and made a careful examination of the Panama canal, from Colon to Panama and back.

"The commission is now on its way home. The entire trip has been attended with any mischance or illness of any kind, and the commission has every reason to be satisfied with the result of its labors. It was especially invited to the capitals of both Nicaragua and Costa Rica and received with great courtesy and hospitality. The commission returns to New York for the purpose of preparing its report, stopping en route at Washington to advise the authorities officially of its return. R. STODDARD, Secretary."

Hooker Carries Copiah Again.

Jackson, Miss., July 15.—In the second primary Saturday, Colonel Hooker carried Copiah county, defeating Congressman Money 28 votes for United States senator.

THE ENDEAVOURERS' CLOSING DAY.

Their Convention Was the Largest in the History of the World.

Boston, Mass., July 15.—The largest convention in the history of the world closed evening with three of the most remarkable religious meetings ever held.

Mechanics' hall was packed before 6 o'clock, and shortly after that hour President F. E. Clark took the chair. After the devotionary exercises had been concluded a session was spent in congratulatory greetings, resolutions of thanks, and then Chairman F. W. Walsh, Jr., of the accommodations committee, announced that 16,285 members of Christian Endeavor societies had registered.

After the singing of a hymn, Dr. H. B. Grose, of the Chicago university, presented the platform of principles adopted by the trustees. It reads: Increase of knowledge in the interdenominational, spiritual fellowship; forever opposes the saloons, the gambling den, the brothel and every like iniquity. It stands for temperance, for law, for order, for Sabbath keeping, for a pure political atmosphere—in a word, for righteousness.

Dr. Grose then read a petition, drawn by the trustees and to be presented to the trustees of the United States and to Queen Victoria, urging upon them the terrible condition of Christian subjects of Turkey, and asking them to use their influence to give to that country a safe and just government.

The annual convention sermon was then presented by Rev. H. M. Wharton, D.D., of Baltimore.

Rev. Wyland Hoyt, of Minneapolis, offered the closing prayer of consecration. The great throng sang one verse of "God Be with You Till We Meet Again," received the benediction of the society, and the chairman pronounced the convention at an end.

Tent Williston was packed in all parts at the closing services.

In Ten, Endeavor there was another immense crowd at the concluding exercises. Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, D.D., presided, and there was plenty of music, under the direction of Mr. H. E. Washburn and Mr. George K. Somersby.

The petition to the president and Queen Victoria regarding Turkish atrocities, was read, a "consecration service" held, and after singing, "All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name," and the pronouncing of the benediction, the great meeting came to an end.

Visiting Washington Elm. No services were held by the Christian Endeavor convention in the tents or hall this afternoon, but five pilgrimages were made by as many groups of delegates to the historic spots in Boston and vicinity. These were the first of a series, which will be extended further from this evening to the remaining days of this week. These are the most important and interesting of these trips was that to Washington elm, near Harvard square, in Cambridge, where the first president took command of the continental army. Nearly 200 people had gathered around this tree at 2:30 o'clock, when the commemorative exercises commenced. Rev. D. M. Beach, L.D., of Cambridge, presided.

The design of these pilgrimages is not to glorify the United States or those historical spots, but to stir the hearts of all people in admiration and love for courage and fidelity to duty and country.

He called attention to the neighboring homes of Holmes, Longfellow and Lowell, and the noted educators now living and deceased.

"Here under this tree let us consecrate ourselves to civic righteousness, honest aspiration and noblest living."

He then introduced Rev. S. P. Rose, of Montreal, Quebec, who said the victory of Washington was the victory of common liberty.

City Forester Doherty distributed among the visitors from distant places about 700 bits of wood from the elm, and the company then visited the Longfellow house.

The Delegates at Bunker Hill. Three thousand attended the exercises at Bunker Hill, which opened with the singing of "America." Rev. C. R. Brown, of the Winship Congregational church, Charlestown, Mass., called the gathering to order and acted as presiding officer. Hon. Charles Carleton Coffin was then introduced and gave a graphic description of the battle of Bunker Hill. "God Save the Queen" was sung and then Professor W. W. Andrews, of Mount Allison university, Lockville, N. B., made an address. He dwelt upon the peace which now exists between the people of the United States and Great Britain and expressed the hope that war would never come again between the two nations and that Canada might serve as mediator to prevent it and to keep up the good feeling which now prevailed.

At the Old South church, Rev. E. S. Tead, of Somerville, presided, and after words of welcome were introduced Mr. Edwin D. Mead, editor of The New England Magazine, who gave an able and interesting historical address.

Rev. Henry Montgomery, of Belfast, was the last speaker.

The exercises closed with the singing of "America."

At the Old North church, Rev. Dr. Little presided, and church bells were rung from 2 to 2:30 at the expense of the Ohio delegation.

Another pilgrimage was made to Faneuil hall, where Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, D.D., of Boston, presided, and addresses were made by Rev. Anderson Rogers, of Nova Scotia, and Rev. E. C. Porter, of Boston.

NO TRUE BILL.

Taylor's Charges Against Peter Blair Not Substantiated.

Nashville, Tenn., July 15.—(Special.)—For several days past the grand jury has been considering the alleged attempt of Peter Blair, of Knoxville, to bribe J. W. Taylor, a member of the general assembly, to vote for the seating of Peter Turney as governor. Taylor published a card during the session of the legislature stating that Blair had offered him money to vote for Turney. At the time of the present grand jury to the case and they had a number of witnesses before them, but returned today the indictment "No true bill." None of Taylor's witnesses substantiated Taylor's charges.

NELLY WRIGHT IN COURT.

Has To Answer the Charge of Attempted Suicide.

New York, July 15.—Nelly Wright, the twenty-three-year-old Atlanta woman, who on Sunday night attempted to commit suicide in Papasch's drug store, at Nassau and Madison streets, Green Point, was so far improved today as to be able to be taken from St. Catherine's hospital to the even street police court, where she was charged with attempted suicide. She refused to answer questions put to her today, when taken before Justice Lathrop, and the case was temporarily adjourned.

Adrift in an Open Boat.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 15.—John Lawson, of Etowah, Bahamas islands, reached St. Augustine today, after drifting about in an open boat since June 15th. On that date he was blown out to sea with but scant supply of provisions and water. When he reached his boat on Anastasia island, he was exhausted. He is nearly blind from exposure and is in a pitiable condition.

LIBERALS LOSE.

Their Candidates Are Badly Defeated in the Contested Elections.

HENRY STANLEY GETS A SEAT

Hardie, the Labor Leader, Fails in His Effort.

JOHN BURNS HAS BETTER SUCCESS

Gloom Fades the Banks of the Liberals—The Defeat Is Far Worse Than Was Expected.

London, July 15.—The returns received thus far show the election of 149 conservatives, 22 unionists and 25 liberals, 4 anti-Parnellites and 4 Parnellites. The total number of seats gained by the unionists is nineteen.

If any further proof of the change of opinion in the constituencies was wanted it was furnished yesterday in the districts in which contested elections were held. It does not require the gift of prophecy to be able to foretell a most disastrous defeat for the liberal party. Some of the districts that have heretofore been safely liberal have this time given large unionist majorities and the indications are that this will be repeated in many of the districts where elections are yet to be held. Amid the darkness, however, there are a few rays of light. In one or two instances the liberals have won seats from their opponents, but this fact has not served to lessen the depression that fills the heart of the party. Another staggering blow was delivered to the liberals yesterday in the defeat at Bradford of Right Hon. John Shaw Lefevre, formerly president of the local government board.

Among the unionist candidates said to be elected yesterday was Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer. He defeated Mr. Trevelyan, the liberal candidate, in the north division of Lambeth. In the last general election Mr. Stanley was a candidate, but was rather badly defeated. It is not thought that he will make any great mark in the house of commons for the reason that he is not at all a fluent speaker. He will simply be a voting member.

Hardie Defeated. In the metropolitan districts the labor candidates fared badly. Mr. John Burns, who sat for Battersea in the last parliament, again contested the district this election. He succeeded in being returned, but at a greatly reduced majority. Mr. James Kier Hardie was defeated in the south division of Westminster by Major Banks, the conservative candidate. Mr. Hardie was snowed under. In the last election he carried the district by a majority of 1,852.

Yesterday his opponent overcame this majority and piled up a majority of 775 for Major Banks, making a total gain of 2,007 votes.

STAMBULOFF ASSASSINATED.

He Is Attacked by Four Men Who Shoot and Stab Him.

Sofia, July 15.—While ex-Prime Minister Stambuloff, accompanied by Major M. Petkoff, was walking home this evening from the Union Club, he was attacked by four unknown men. Two of them shot him with revolvers, while the other two stabbed him. Stambuloff fell to the ground groaning. He was removed to his residence and physicians were summoned. After an examination of the wounds the doctors announced that there was little hope of Mr. Stambuloff's recovery. The assassins escaped and there is no clue to their identity.

M. Stambuloff was wounded in more than twenty places. He raised his hand to guard his head, and his wrist were nearly severed. Both hands had to be amputated. M. Petkoff was slightly wounded. The first report that all four of the assassins escaped was erroneous; one of them was arrested.

WHIPPED GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

In Two Engagements the Cuban Insurgents Are the Victors.

Havana, July 15.—A dispatch from Santa Clara says: General Luque telegraphs that bands of insurgents under the command of the rebel leaders Zayas, Legon and Toledo, made an attack upon Major Arminas's column on the estate of Vista Hermosa in the Santi Spiritus district, and after an engagement lasting an hour and a half, the government troops were compelled to retire. The government lost two killed and a half, the loss of the insurgents is not known, but it is reported that among their wounded was Legon, the leader of one of the bands. Another rebel band is reported to have attacked a small detachment of government troops at Provincia, dispersing them and setting fire to the village, which was destroyed. The troops were compelled to take refuge in the woods, whither the rebels pursued them.

BURIED IN THE CELLAR.

The Nude Bodies of Two Young Girls Found in Toronto.

Toronto, Ont., July 15.—The bodies of Etta Alice and Nettie Pletsel, the missing daughters of Benjamin F. Pletsel, were found by Detectives Cuddy, of Toronto, and Grier, of Philadelphia, this afternoon, buried in the cellar of house No. 18 St. Vincent street. H. H. Holmes, now under arrest at Philadelphia, is believed to have deliberately murdered the two girls, after he had first murdered their father in Philadelphia and their brother in Detroit. Inquiries begun by the police led to the knowledge that Holmes and children lived at the house in question and search was made by the two officers. A photograph of Holmes was shown to Frank N. Rudel, of the Ontario educational department, who owns No. 18 St. Vincent street, and without hesitation he identified it as that of the man who had rented from him last October and who, after a very short stay, had departed. When they reached the cellar they reported to the detectives that something had disturbed the cellar floor and arming themselves with shovels they began to dig. A short distance below the surface they came across the arm and a portion of the head of one of the murdered girls and further work soon revealed the bodies of the two victims. They were both nude and had been there, in all probability, since last October.

WAS GONE MURDERED?

He Was Found on the Railroad Track Last Sunday Morning.

Ocala, Fla., July 15.—It is now thought by many that Alderman Harry Goss, who was found dead by the railroad-track Sunday morning, was killed and then placed on the track. If murder was done robbery was not the motive, as Goss's watch and money were undisturbed. The coroner is investigating the case.

Reigns His Pastorate.

Jackson, Miss., July 15.—Rev. John Hunter, for forty years pastor of the Presbyterian church at Jackson, has notified his congregation that he would resign in October. His pastorate in the largest in the state.

THE DOCTOR WAS JEALOUS.

Both Were Married, but the Doctor Killed His Rival.

Memphis, Tenn., July 15.—At 6:15 o'clock this evening, Jacob Rothschild was shot twice in the stomach and breast and instantly killed by Dr. John D. White, a leading local physician. The tragedy occurred on the sidewalk in front of Dr. H. Baldwin's music store, in which Rothschild was chief salesman. About ten minutes prior to the shooting White walked into the store, intercepting his victim, just as he was leaving for the day. The two turned back into the store, sat down and engaged in a conversation, which appeared to be friendly. Finally, they walked out and just after reaching the sidewalk White evidently made an offensive remark, for his companion struck at him with a small pocket knife. In an instant the doctor, holding a pistol close to Rothschild's side, fired two shots.

The tragedy was caused by a well-connected and widely known young woman, and was the result of insane jealousy on the doctor's part, though he is a man of family. His victim was also a married man, but his wife and two children live at Dallas, Tex., and he had said nothing to the woman about their existence. On the contrary, he had led her to believe he was single. On Tuesday night last, while Rothschild was calling on the young woman, White sent her a note by a messenger, reading as follows:

"Tell your friends to meet me on the corner of Mulberry and Beale streets and I will settle with him."

Upon receipt of this it was shown to Rothschild by her and he changed his mind about the matter, and was preparing to go, and remained in the house until 4 o'clock the next morning. At that time he did not even know the doctor by sight, so the young woman states, but next morning he called at his office and formed his acquaintance. Circumstances prompt the conclusion that the murder was deliberately planned. White was a man generally regarded as dangerous.

Rothschild was about thirty-four years old and had been in Memphis since last October.

THEY ARE FOR SILVER

Atlanta's Laboring Men Place Themselves on Record That Way.

THEY WILL SEND A DELEGATE

To the Griffin Convention Where He Will Vote for the Free and Unlimited Coinage of Silver.

The workmen of Atlanta, the bone and sinew of the City of the South, are for the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

They have put themselves on record that way and when the big silver convention meets at Griffin Thursday, they will have a representative on the floor of the convention who will vote and talk for the free and unlimited coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1.

This Atlanta workingmen have decided upon and it was by the vote of the Atlanta Federation of Trades, that the delegate to the convention, and when that delegate accepted the trust, he did it knowing that he went instructed to cast his vote and voice all the time for the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

At a regular meeting of the central labor body of Atlanta, the matter was first mentioned and before the meeting was over Mr. H. P. Blount had been elected delegate to the convention, and the election taking place after the instruction for that delegate had been formulated.

"The workingmen have been thinking the matter over for themselves," says Mr. H. P. Blount, secretary of the Atlanta Federation of Trades. "They have made up their minds as to the course they will pursue. They will put in some of the hardest work that is done for silver. They are all now thoroughly aroused and thoroughly in earnest about the matter and will show the full strength of their hands before the end comes."

"The meeting was one of the largest we have had in a long time and the silver question was disposed of with an enthusiasm that would have made a goldbug sick at heart. It was made quite apparent that those present had been doing some thinking for themselves."

"After the regular business of the meeting had been transacted, the question of sending a delegate to the coming convention in Griffin was brought up. It could have surprised the few readers of that Atlanta paper which advocates a policy that has brought the masses of our once prosperous country to the verge of bankruptcy. It was a decided victory for the advocates of the 'money of our fathers' and resulted in the election of a delegate to the Griffin convention in the interest of silver."

"Then that they might be understood as to their views, the members gave the delegate positive and emphatic instructions, and it was done by a vote of the meeting. By that vote he was instructed to vote for, and if the opportunity occurred, to advocate upon the floor the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1."

"Now," continued Mr. Blount, "if this proves anything it proves that the people are not yet prepared to forswear their allegiance to the true principles of the democracy and that the interest and the old Georgia are longer. Now it is the duty of the individual members of the unions represented in the body may differ with the Federation of Trades as to the wisdom displayed by it in taking such action, yet the great majority will acquiesce in the action indulged in by their delegates. If I had no other basis upon which to found my opinion I should deem the unanimous vote of the body as a sufficient and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 a sufficient proof of the correctness of my assertion."

DEKALB'S DELEGATES.

A Large and Enthusiastic Meeting Held at Decatur.

Decatur, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—Two hundred voters of DeKalb met here today to elect delegates to the Griffin convention. Colonel L. F. Livingston made a speech for free and independent coinage. A special resolution of thanks was tendered him by the meeting.

Delegates to Griffin were elected as follows:

S. H. Phelan, Thomas R. Burnside, John G. Bowden, W. O. Mitchell, Robert F. Davis, M. C. Fulton, W. P. Medlock, F. W. Roberts, James Hunter, William B. Watts, J. H. Kimbrell, H. A. Jolly, F. L. Hudgins, George Stewart, Ed. L. Sutton, W. T. Heath, James Lincey, F. M. McCurdy, W. T. Owens, X. W. Caltow, J. H. Brooks, W. J. Williams, P. M. Williams, W. G. Staples, J. H. Floyd, J. W. Neal, Samuel Corley, E. A. Guess, J. C. Clevinger, A. S. Mason, William S. Howard, Jr., T. M. Fulton, T. E. Clevinger, W. B. Henderson, Alonzo Field and John McCurdy, Jr.

"Whereas, We, a large part of the citizens of DeKalb county, having assembled in mass meeting at the courthouse in Decatur, Ga., in pursuance of a call, be it resolved, That we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without international agreement, and that each of the dollars coined from either metal shall have equal purchasing and debt-paying power and the same legal tender qualities."

"Resolved, That we organize a bimetallic league in this DeKalb county."

"Resolved, That the present chairman and secretary be and remain officers of said club subject to call of said chairman for election of officers."

"Resolved, That it is the desire of this league that every district in this county organize a bimetallic league to be sub-leagues to this DeKalb county league."

OLETHROPE'S STAND.

The Free Coinage of Both Metals Demanded—A Fine Delegation.

Lexington, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—The Bimetallic League organized for this county has adopted the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That we favor the use of both gold and silver as legal tender money, each to be coined by the government free from

mint charges, and silver to be coined at the ratio of 16 to 1."

The delegates to attend the Griffin convention are: James McWhorter, James M. Smith, William W. Howard, Hamilton McWhorter, J. R. Stevens, C. M. Wither, Joseph J. Smith and N. D. Arnold.

Lee Sends a Delegation.

Leeburg, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—The citizens of Lee county met today and declared in favor of free silver and appointed the following delegates to the Griffin convention: W. W. Thompson, J. T. Ferguson, J. F. Johnson, J. D. McConnell, S. R. Blanton, G. W. Barron, Augustus E. W. H. Newton, E. J. Stokes, Phil Cook, C. B. Ayers, L. P. Cooke, D. D. Hall, S. T. Jordan, J. P. Callaway, F. M. Heath, E. B. Martin. The delegates were authorized to appoint their alternates.

Morgan's Delegation.

Madison, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—At a meeting held here today the following delegates were elected to represent Morgan county in the Griffin convention:

E. C. Foster, H. T. Shaw, R. U. Thompson, W. A. Broughton, Q. L. Willford, Joshua Hill, Calvin George, G. D. Perry, John Eastwick, Woodruff, J. W. Stovall, James S. Reid, Sr., R. E. Mann, R. W. Shepherd, J. C. Emerson, J. T. Wood, John Chambers, J. H. Alsip, F. G. Walker and W. C. Morris.

A resolution endorsing the free coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination, was adopted.

WHITECAPS USE THE LASH.

They Whip a Man Who Was Living Immorally.

Raleigh, N. C., July 15.—(Special).—Saturday night, in Wilson county, whitecaps visited a white man unlawfully living with a woman and gave him a terrible beating. The woman has left the county. The man had been held to appear at court for the offense but he continued to defy the law. The beating cost him a broken nose and a broken jaw. He is now in the hospital.

Early this morning incendiaries made a daring attempt to burn a dwelling house here. It was unoccupied but was close to an occupied house and was owned by P. H. Hughes, of Norfolk. The fire was started under the house with a lot of cotton saturated with kerosene. The firemen kept the damage down to \$300.

The agricultural department today states that the prospect is that the corn crop will be one of the largest, if not the best, ever grown in North Carolina. Cotton is now the only crop which is behind hand. Rain is needed considerably in some sections. The topping of tobacco has begun and the crop seems to be a good one. The serious injury from drought is yet reported. Cotton is improving and is blooming freely, but lice are injuring it to a limited extent. Any unfavorable weather between now and October will result in a loss of the crop. The wheat crop is growing. The wheat crop is turning out quite well.

Today court warrants proceedings were brought by Andrew Lennon, populist, against F. C. Williams, democrat, to try the title to the clerkship of Columbus county. A township was thrown out by the county returning board and thus Lennon's majority of 29 was overcome.

CARR'S TRIAL TODAY.

He Is To Have Another Trial for Lunacy.

Alex Carr, the slayer of Captain King, will be put on trial for the third time today.

It is the second trial on a writ of lunacy, and the proceedings will take place before ordinary Calhoun, beginning at 9 o'clock in the courtroom of the superior court.

Carr's condition is certainly a consistent one. He rarely ever changes his position, and takes no notice of any one whatever. He lies nearly all day on his cot, with one elbow awkwardly placed under his head and the other arm hiding his face.

He draws his knees up close, and makes a very odd looking personage. In fact, as it is impossible to detect the rise and fall of his chest when he breathes, he looks very much like a dead man—something, however, which he is trying hard not to be. Some weeks ago reference was made to the food that Carr eats.

It seems that he still refuses jail food—an act which, so it is said the jailers say, is highest proof of his entire and complete sanity. On the other hand, he eats food furnished by his parents, and seems to have a better appetite. This is the only thing that gives the slightest indication that he is sane.

It is more than likely that Carr is at least partially insane. He has been brought through through to unseat stronger reasons than his. If he has been feigning, the success which he has been under has been sufficient to drive him almost mad. As an actor, if acting it has been, Carr is superb and deserves to rank with the foremost of the talent.

A strong attempt was made at the first trial of Carr to prove that he was insane. This was done without making a special issue of the insanity. The proof was to show that at the time of the killing he was insane. The jury failed to grasp the situation from the defendant's point of view, and a conviction resulted. Then a writ of habeas corpus was obtained. This was for a trial as to Carr's present condition. It is for the purpose of insuring, simply puts him in the asylum, where he may be tried again when he recovers reason. At the first trial there was a mistrial, with the chances and the physician on the jury in favor of Carr.

This was Dr. McRae, the well-known physician. It is very likely that he will be called to the stand for the defense. He has stated that he believed Carr was sane, or so near to that it would not be right to hang him.

When the case is called this morning Solicitor Hill will appear for the state, assisted by Captain W. D. Ellis and Judge Jim Anderson and Messrs. Arnold and Arnold will represent the defense.

As there will be a jury to pass upon Carr's present condition, there will be no difficulty in getting it. Ordinary Calhoun will have a jury that has already been selected. It is not known what physician will be foreman.

All Quiet at the Courthouse.

At the clerk's office there is very little new business, though the clerks are all kept busy writing up minor documents.

Judge Lupton is in New York, where he can be reached by wire or letter during this week at Hotel Imperial. Next week he goes out upon a fishing jaunt.

Judge Van Rye is still at Lithia Springs, may be at the city, as is the case with Judge Clark. Deputy Clerk McBride took an unexpected turn for the better Sunday, and yesterday afternoon was able to return to his work.

Mr. Zeb Walker, Sr.

Canton, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—Mr. Zeb Walker, Sr., father of Mr. Zeb Walker, died last night. His remains were interred in the town cemetery this afternoon, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. E. C. Marks, the Methodist pastor. Mr. Walker formerly lived in Newton county.

Albany, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—Mrs. A. R. Jackson, whose critical illness was reported Saturday, died at an early hour this morning.

Struck by Lightning.

Punta Gorda, Fla., July 15.—Late last evening lightning struck a tent in which there were seven persons. George Gorter, a young man, was instantly killed and the others knocked senseless. Two of the injured, Messrs. Mansfield and Gille, may not recover. The sight of one of Mansfield's eyes was destroyed.

WILL MEET THIS FALL

The Adjourned Meeting of the Teachers Will Be Held in Atlanta.

THEY WILL COME 12,000 STRONG

The Most Notable Session of Teachers Ever Held in the South Will Meet in Atlanta in October.

Twelve thousand teachers will besiege Atlanta the last week of October and they will come from all over the country. Teachers from Maine and California will meet and shake hands. Teachers from the bustling city of Chicago will mingle with the pedagogues of the sunny land of flowers.

They are coming and their trip will be a notable event in educational circles. They are coming to see the exposition and the south, and this vast army of teachers is the largest that has ever been gathered in the history of the south. Never before in the history of the south will so many teachers assemble, and when the congress of teachers is called to order it will be one of the most notable sessions that has ever been held in the south.

When the annual meeting of the teachers was held at Denver last week it was necessary to decide where an adjourned meeting should be held. Governor Northern was present, and he at once made application for the meeting in behalf of Atlanta and the exposition. He worked hard to secure it, and as a result of his efforts, the decision that was reached was well received by the members of the association and several speeches were made in which Atlanta and the exposition were heartily endorsed. When it was announced that the meeting would go to Atlanta every one was delighted and the decision met with the approval of the teachers.

Governor Northern has returned home and is busy making preparation for the coming of the distinguished visitors. An entire week has been set apart for them, and this adjourned meeting will formally open the congress of teachers on the 28th of October. A committee of ten was appointed at the meeting in Denver and this committee will co-operate with Governor Northern in planning the manner in which the teachers will be entertained. It is expected that the teachers will come to Atlanta in a short time, when all arrangements will be perfected.

Speaking of the congress, Governor Northern said yesterday "It is my purpose to have the adjourned meeting of the International Teachers' Association open the week of the congress. It is a business meeting, but the business can be attended to in a short time, and then some of the most brilliant speakers of the country are members of this association, and they will speak before the meeting. I have been promised a very good program, which will be a series of brilliant events and the attendance promises to be large. The teachers from all over the country will be present. They will come for two reasons, to attend the congress and also to see the exposition. While we were in session at Denver a great deal was said of the exposition and I found that every one was interested. The name of the great school of the future, and all with whom I talked expressed themselves as being anxious to come. I predict that the largest crowd that will be in the city for any one day will be present during the week that the teachers are here. The teachers are interested and they will be here many thousands strong."

"I feel greatly encouraged over the prospect of the congress, and am now convinced that it will be a success in every way. Not only will the literary schools be discussed, but I am working up an interest in reform schools, and this department will receive great attention. One of the greatest needs of the country is good reform schools. My child may not need to be sent to a reform school, and yours may not, but the children of the future world that will become criminals and are becoming so every day just for the lack of this school. Children who have no good home influences and are cast out on their own, and are left to find their way, the path of duty and go to the bad. Not because they are born criminals, but that they have never been taught the wages of sin and consequently can't look ahead and find the direction in which they may be plodding."

"All Colorado is talking of the exposition, and I was surprised to find so many that are coming. It seemed as if every one with whom I talked expected to come. We will have an enormous attendance, I think. Newton C. Dougherty, the newly elected president of the National Educational Association, is a most distinguished gentleman, and the honor of the exposition is his. He is thoroughly in sympathy with the exposition and is in love with the south. He will be present at the congress this fall, and it is possible that he will make one of the opening addresses."

A LYNCHING AT GREENVILLE.

And the Authorities Think There Will Be Another Before Morning.

Columbia, S. C., July 15.—At 3 o'clock this morning S. C. Johnson, the negro who one week ago murdered young Frank Langford at Piedmont, Greenville county, because he told him to put up a pistol he had drawn on Langford's companion, was taken out of the Greenville jail, conveyed a mile out of town and hanged.

The jailer refused to give up the keys, but the mob found them in his room. The sheriff being awakened, approached the jail, but was halted by a sentinel who put the barrel of a shotgun in his face. On Thursday night a crowd of negroes who were guarding the jail were dispersed by the police and three of their number heavily fined.

Being assured there was no danger of a lynching the jail was not guarded last night. There is great excitement in Greenville tonight. At midnight two military companies have been ordered out, one is at the jail and the other resting on their arms in the armory. The fire engines have steam up and citizens are guarding their homes. This is caused by a threat of negroes to lynch James Lewis, a white man charged with murdering a negro and confined in jail, and by the further fact that the people fear the application of the torch to their homes during the night.

The promises of the Greenville authorities to protect the prisoners Johnson, attempting prevented the negroes from doing so, is what has caused the bitter feeling, particularly as Johnson's counsel says he has six witnesses to prove that Langford snatched his pistol at Johnson five times before the negro shot.

At 12:30 nothing further has developed in Greenville.

Supplied under Royal Warrants to Her Majesty the Queen of England, and to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS.

THE SOUTHERN SODA WATER COMPANY.

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ANOTHER RUMOR

A Tip Out That the Southern Railway Controls the S. & L.

SEABOARD AND ROANOKE STOCK BOUGHT

Seaboard Air-Line Officials Believe the Deal Has Been Made—Southern People Take the Negative Side.

Right upon the heels of the removal of the Seaboard Air-Line headquarters from Atlanta to Portsmouth comes a report to the effect that the Southern Railway Company is now virtually in control of the Seaboard Air-Line.

There has been about for three days the story that the Southern railway people had purchased nearly half of the stock of the Seaboard and Roanoke road, which is the road that holds and controls the leases of the other connecting roads which combine to make up the Seaboard Air-Line system.

It has been admitted by not less than two of the most prominent Seaboard people that the Southern is in possession of nearly one-half of the stock of the Seaboard and Roanoke road and that if the holdings of one certain stockholder in Baltimore can be secured, the Southern will be in absolute control of the Seaboard Air-Line.

The Seaboard and Roanoke is the main line and is the most important feature, in reality being the Seaboard Air-Line, through what it controls. It carries with it the control of the Roanoke and Gaston, the Georgia, Carolina and Northern and other links in the Seaboard Air-Line system.

Vice President Baldwin, of the Southern, was in the city yesterday in his private car. An unsuccessful effort was made to interview him regarding the report. He went to Marietta, where he spent last night at the summer residence of Mr. H. M. Atkinson, the banker who negotiated for the ground where the new depot is to stand.

Several local Southern officials were seen yesterday and they laughed at the idea of a purchase of the Seaboard Air-Line by the Southern. One said that if it was true the Southern would not give it out until the deal was concluded, and it would force the price of stock up. On the other hand, the Seaboard Air-Line folks say that they have heard the rumor and, as stated, not less than two admit that it is true.

What can the Southern want with the Seaboard Air-Line? That is a question that has been agitated on the basis that a deal was under way. Some suggest that it would be cheaper for the Southern to buy its rival than to fight it.

General Manager Winder and Clerk, Major J. J. Winder, and his corps of clerks will leave tonight for Portsmouth, where the future headquarters will be.

All of the old office furniture has been packed and freighted to Portsmouth to be there unpacked and set up in home-like fashion. Accompanying Colonel Winder will be Mr. Roger Elliott, chief clerk; Mr. Harvey Hill and Mr. Landrum Holbrook, secretary to Colonel Winder.

All of these gentlemen leave many friends behind them here who wish them the pleasantest of homes in Portsmouth. Of the younger men, Mr. Roger Elliott, chief clerk of Captain Winder, is probably the best known socially and in railroad circles. He has had a fine career and well deserves the success he has attained.

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Captain "Bunch" McBee is left in charge of the remaining force of the Seaboard Air-Line.

Mr. B. Stahlman is out of the city. He is in attendance upon the Asheville race meeting. With him are Mr. McGill and his secretary. They will be gone for a week or more.

The next meeting of the rate clerks will probably occur in Savannah some time in the latter part of this month. There are several matters to be adjusted.

Commissioner Finley is still in New York, but will return this week. Secretary Rockwell hopes to have the total of exposition ready by the 15th.

Mr. S. H. Hardwick, of the Southern, is at his desk once more. He was called away by a very sad occurrence—the death of his mother.

Boardholders Confer This Week.

New York, July 15.—A conference of Macon and Northern boardholders will be held this week, at which the future of the property will probably be settled. President Spencer reiterates his statement that the Southern Railway Company does not want the road. He expects to see it a part of the Seaboard Air-Line, to which it naturally belongs.

Made the Veterans Mad.

Albany, Ga., July 15.—(Special).—The ex-confederate veterans of this city and county are mad with the railroads concerning their claim for unpaid refund to give reduced rates to the reunion held on July 24th. They say the railroads are willing to give all other meetings and conventions the reduced rates, but when it comes to the old veterans, they are not in it any more.

C. AND E. I. AND E. AND T. H. READY.

If the Southern Lines Are in Earnest a Through Sleeper May Be Had.

There have been a great many articles published lately regarding the lack of proper connections between the south and Chicago. Efforts have been made to have a through line of Pullman sleepers established.

As it is now there is a change of cars associated at Cincinnati going either way, and on some roads travelers are forced to go from one depot to another. A prominent official of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois and the Evansville and Terre Haute roads says that his roads are ready for a through service, though it has been stated that they were not.

"While we do not know how far the route," he said, "extending from Chicago to the Ohio river, may feel on the question of the through car service between Chicago and Atlanta, I do know that the Chicago and Eastern Illinois and Evansville and Terre Haute roads are exceedingly anxious at any time to join with our connections south of Evansville, Ind., and establish not only a daily through car service, but a through train service between Chicago and Atlanta. Nothing could please us more. Our southern connections can start at as early a date as they wish with the arrangement and we will be ready at that time. Our idea is solid vestibule train, Pullman sleeping and dining cars on fast schedule."

BROKE THE RECORD.

The Southern Sends a Car of Peaches Through on Fast Time.

The Southern now claims the fastest record on a car load of peaches from Macon and Atlanta to Chicago. Yesterday morning a car which left Macon at 9:35 o'clock p. m. on Saturday arrived in Chicago, having made the run in thirty-four hours and fifty-five minutes. The distance is 88 miles and the time was twenty-five and three-tenths of a minute. The car was A. T. No. 716. This is the record for this year on peaches from this part of the south for Chicago. The rivalry between the lines on time is intense.

TOOK MORPHINE.

Mrs. Jennie Avery Found Unconscious in a Room at the Metropolitan

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LAW AND RED MELONS

Councilmen and Aldermen Mix the Two in a Pleasing Fashion.

POOL ROOMS TO BE OPEN UNTIL 12 P. M.

Mr. Day's Street Flagging Ordinance Put Through.

MANY LICENSES ASKED FOR YESTERDAY

The Usual Volume of New Matters Brought Before Council at the Meeting Yesterday.

Planted near the city engineer's office in the council chamber yesterday afternoon, was a large table upon which were a dozen cold, juicy watermelons, just off the ice, and a large sharp carving knife.

The melons were there to delight the tastes of the mayor and the members of the general council, and were the gift of the new city clerk, Mr. Phillips, and his deputies, Messrs. Forbes and Buchanan.

It may have been the sight of the melons or it may have been that there was not much of importance for the local legislators to consider that caused them to reach an early adjournment and make a pell-mell charge upon the melon table. Anyhow, all through the session the eyes of the members were riveted upon the beautiful red, sweet meat of Georgia rattle-snake melons.

There was but one absentee, Mr. Harman, of the sixth, when Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles called the meeting to order. Clerk Phillips, for the first time, made a call of the roll and acquitted himself creditably.

Stay Open Till Midnight. An ordinance was presented allowing the poolrooms and billiard rooms in the city to remain open until 12 o'clock, instead of 10 o'clock, as is provided in sections 720 and 721 of the city code. The ordinance came from the ordinance committee, Mr. Campbell chairman, and was the result of a resolution so instructing that committee, adopted at the last meeting of the general council.

"I do not like to see a good law repealed," said Mr. Neime, "but under the circumstances as they now are, I think it wise to change this law, at least for the present. During the exposition we will be crowded with visitors, to whom we must pander. Many, I think, are not accustomed to this kind of work, and I think we ought to do all we can to make their stay in Atlanta pleasant. If the law doesn't suit them, we can change it back to where it was."

Mr. Campbell, of the ordinance committee, then presented an ordinance repealing sections 720 and 721, and it was necessary to repeal these in order to pass the new law.

"I agree with a good deal," said Mr. Neime, "but if the law is to be perpetual I shall oppose it, but if you will make it operative until January 1st and then return to the law as it is written in sections 720 and 721, I will vote for it."

"I think," said Mr. Howell, "that the change is one that should be made for the reasons Mr. Neime has given. I agree, too, with Mr. Neime, that we should return to the present law, at least for the present, and I here pledge myself to vote to that effect. Let us make this change, and in January adopt an ordinance requiring every billiard room and poolroom in the city to close at 10 o'clock. Make the law sweeping—sweeping in fact, that it will take in every place of the kind in the city, whether connected with a hotel or not."

On a motion to adopt the ordinance repealing sections 720 and 721 the motion prevailed.

Then the new ordinance was placed upon second reading and put to a vote. On its passage there were eleven votes for it and six against it.

"The law requires a two-thirds vote of the members present," said Mayor Pro Tem. Broyles, "and that has not been secured; therefore, the new ordinance is not adopted."

"Now," said Mr. Welch, of the second, "we are without any law regulating these places, and they can keep open all night. This ordinance will have to be taken over to the next meeting of the council, and in the meantime I move that sections 720 and 721 be reinstated during the interim."

That could not be done, however, and another ordinance allowing the billiard saloons and poolrooms to remain open until January 1st from 5 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock p. m., was adopted by the council.

That Lowry Bank Contract.

Mr. Harralson created something of a breeze by presenting a resolution calling for a reconsideration of the action of the council in awarding the custody of the city's money to the Lowry Banking Company. He declared that there were other banks in the city that wanted a chance, but which were frozen out by the action of the finance committee. Mr. Harralson's resolution rescinded all former action and placed the matter in the hands of the finance committee again, so that other banks might have a chance at it.

"I am opposed to that repeal," said Mr. Howell. "The finance committee gave this matter a thorough and complete study before doing what they did and I know they did the best thing that could be done for the city."

"I have been told," said Mr. Harralson, "that the Lowry bank, which handles the money, was not even one of the banks that bid. The entire matter is unconstitutional, as this council cannot bind the council of next year. There are banks in the city that didn't know they would have a chance to bid."

"The finance committee," said Mr. Inman, "did not award the money to the Lowry Banking Company. We had bids from quite a number of banks, and some of them offered us excellent bonds, while others offered us bonds that I could not accept. Mr. Orme, the treasurer, made a bond which was gilt-edged, and the money was placed with him. That bond is a lien itself and a first mortgage upon every dollar that every one who signed it has. That would not be the case if we took the bond from the bank. Then we found it lots better to have the money in one place than to have it scattered around in three or four places. It is true that we knew at the time we did this that the Lowry bank would let us have what money we needed. Now, if there is any one who can give us the bond the finance committee had made, and will show me how it can be done, I will readily vote for the repeal."

The motion to reconsider was lost by a vote of 8 to 2.

For Better Streets.

The new ordinance championed by Mr. Day, chairman of the street committee, requiring property owners on certain streets designated in the ordinance to tear up the flagging and sidewalks now down and to lay new ones, has stirred up the property owners considerably. Such much as they opposed to it that quite a number of them petitioned the general council to repeal the new ordinance and allow the old law to go into effect again.

When the clerk concluded reading the paper Mr. Colvin secured the floor, saying: "I move that the petition be granted, and that the new ordinance be repealed, and to be heard on the matter. I move that the rules be suspended and that he be heard."

"As far as I can hear," said Mr. Healy,

"and I have talked around generally among the property owners this will affect, there is no great complaint against the new law, but just now it is hard on us. It is the parties who have to give liberty to the exposition, and right now we are expected by that law to tear up the sidewalks and put down new ones, and do it, too, while the exposition is on. The year has been a hard one, and we can do it next year just as well, when it will not interfere with the exposition. Then the law gives us no option, but makes us all use just one kind of stone. Now, there is other material that will make just as good sidewalk as the flagging that ordinance prescribes, but we have no right to use it, and that, we think, is a hardship."

"I move," said Mr. Inman, "that the ordinance be suspended for ninety days. That won't do," remarked Mr. Day. "The committee went over the ground thoroughly and completely, and the engineer and commissioner of public works were with us. They both know that the work called for in that ordinance is absolutely necessary. Any one who will visit the places designated will see it, too. The places cannot be patched, as Mr. Healy intimates, or says."

"I am with the report of the street committee in this matter," said Mr. Howell. "Mr. Inman's proposition to postpone the enforcement of the ordinance ninety days would throw the work into the city at the expense of the exposition. That ordinance, and I think we should stand to it."

"I move," said Mr. Inman, "that the enforcement of the new ordinance be postponed until November 1st."

"The committee went over the ground thoroughly and completely, and the engineer and commissioner of public works were with us. They both know that the work called for in that ordinance is absolutely necessary. Any one who will visit the places designated will see it, too. The places cannot be patched, as Mr. Healy intimates, or says."

The police committee, Mr. Camp, chairman, submitted a favorable report on the petition of S. A. McDonald for a retail liquor license at 155 Peters street.

"It should not be granted because there are persons out there who are opposed to it. Then, too, McDonald could not get the consent of his nearest neighbors and placed a nearer neighbor and in that way abridged the rights of one of the men who should have had a say in the matter."

"The police committee," said Mr. Camp, have given this matter a most thorough study, and I tell you that that grant is all right and legal. The building was put up for a barroom and happens to be owned by a widow who has five children and this is her entire source of living for her family. If the license is granted she will get \$50 a month for the place, but if it is not her rent will be very small, if she is able to rent it at all. But to make the matter safe after the paper had been signed we presented it to Judge Anderson, the city attorney, for his opinion. He says that the grant is regular, and I think the license should be granted."

Mr. Inman was like Mr. Mayson. He did not think the petition should be granted if circumstances were such as Mr. Mayson presented.

"I think there are enough saloons out there now," said Mr. Hirsch, "and I am opposed to granting this license or any more in that locality."

The retail liquor license was granted S. H. Moore at No. 9 West Mitchell street, the police committee having made a favorable report on the petition.

The application of the Woodward Lumber Company to complete the construction of the sidewalk near and across Murphy avenue was granted.

The Water for the Exposition Lake.

The joint committee on the waterworks committee of the general council, to which had been referred the matter of allowing water for Clara Mere, the exposition lake, submitted the following paper as its report:

"Resolved, That this joint committee recommend that the mayor and general council take no action on the petition of the Cotton States and International exposition for a supply of water from the distribution system under the control of the board of water commissioners under the charter of the city, and no reason for exceptional action is apparent."

Judge Hillyer, president of the water board, sent in a minority report, in which he declared that the deal was one with which the general council alone, and not the water board, should take action, as the second party to the contract, the consumer, was outside of the city limits.

The majority report was adopted. The report of the finance committee showed that the amount of warrants drawn since the last meeting of the general council was \$18,127.32.

Pay for Crossing the Bridge.

Mr. Harralson presented a resolution calling attention to the contract between the city of Atlanta and the Traction company, that contract is the one by which the Traction company agrees to pay the city \$700 rental for the bridge.

"As that paper shows," said Mr. Harralson, "the Traction company has not paid that rent and now owes the city \$700. I move now, sir, that that paper be referred to the city attorney and that he see that the terms of the contract are carried out and that the company pays what it owes the city or quits using the bridge."

"I don't think it is quite fair," said Mr. Inman, "to make these new people come in here right now and put up with that, when the other company has been using the bridge."

"That contract," replied Mr. Harralson, "was made long ago, and the money's due for the past year. It was a contract, and the same of it makes no difference who owns the road."

To Investigate the Bond. The paper was referred as Mr. Harralson suggested in his motion, and along with it went another resolution from the same gentleman, that the second paper pertaining to the issue of the old waterworks by the Hale Investment Company and read:

"Resolved, by the mayor and general council, That the finance committee and the city attorney be and they are hereby instructed to investigate and report to this general council."

"First, if the bond given by the Hale Investment Company in the contract with the city for the lease of the old waterworks is ample security for the sum of \$5,000. Second, if the said Hale Investment Company, or the owners of the electric railroad to the old waterworks are operating the road in accordance with the franchise, especially as relates to schedule and number of cars operation."

"Third, generally as to the terms of the contract entered into last year, and if they have paid the amount required for lease of the old waterworks grounds."

The commissioner's report showed the amount of the annual appointments expended to be \$113,288.35.

Judge Anderson, city attorney, was granted a leave of absence for two weeks from the 20th instant.

Granted a License and Then Held Up. The Southern detective agency, a company of men-hunters and property recoverers, composed of Captain Frank Skisken and others, asked for a city license to conduct a detective agency. Along with the petition came an agreement made between the board of police commissioners and the detective agency.

Mr. Dodge moved that the license be granted and the motion prevailed, but later Mr. Welch, of the fifth, gave notice that he would move to reconsider the action of the council at the next meeting.

To Pay Auburn Ave.

The ordinance authorizing the paving of Auburn avenue, from Peachtree street to Pryor street was taken from the table and read the second time, and put upon its final passage. The ordinance provides for the

use of Belgian block in the work at a cost of \$1,800. It was adopted.

Petitions Presented and Referred. The following petitions were presented, read and referred to the appropriate committees:

Of citizens for an arc light on Bush street. Of the Empire Printing and Box Company for exemption from taxation on their plant.

Of E. P. Black to block sidewalk on the corner of Pryor and Houston streets. Of Carl Witt for license to sell Vienna sausage at the corner of Marietta and Peachtree, and Decatur and Peachtree streets.

Of Henry S. Stinson for free license to peddle. Of Henry Stallings to peddle lunches on the streets.

Of Fred Berry for free license on lunch stand. Of C. S. Ray for free license to sell liniment.

Of George S. May for a sewer beginning at Mangum, down Mitchell to Elliot and to Rhodes to connect with the main sewer. Of Jake Mold for free license to peddle.

Of N. G. Smith for free license to run an electric battery. Of A. Q. Beem for return of license tax paid.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST

Marked changes have occurred upon the weather map since the publication of the last report. An area of high barometer covers the Gulf coast and Atlantic seaboard, while a low pressure area hovers over the northwest and the lake regions.

This low area is accompanied in the northwest by a hot wave of unusual intensity yesterday. In that vicinity, was a record breaker in the way of high temperatures. Huron, S. D., had a maximum temperature of 102 degrees in the shade.

At 7 o'clock last night it was as high as 96 degrees. This warm wave has caused a rise of temperature in all sections as far east as the Ohio valley. Rains were quite general throughout the eastern part of the country, and in all sections west of the Mississippi it was perfectly dry and hot.

For Georgia today: Generally fair. Local report for July 15, 1895. Mean daily temperature... 78 Normal temperature... 80 Highest temperature... 82 Lowest in 24 hours... 68 Rainfall, 24 hours, to 7 p. m... .15 Deficiency since January 1st... .15

Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m. Stations and State of Weather.

Observations taken at 7 o'clock p. m. SOUTHEAST—Atlanta, Ga., pt. cloudy... 78 81 83 Charlotte, N. C., rain... 80 82 84 Jacksonville, Fla., cloudy... 80 82 84 Knoxville, Tenn., clear... 80 82 84 Mobile, Ala., cloudy... 80 82 84 Montgomery, Ala., clear... 80 82 84 Savannah, Ga., pt. cloudy... 80 82 84 Tampa, Fla., cloudy... 80 82 84 West Palm Beach, Fla., clear... 80 82 84

SOUTHWEST—Abilene, Tex., clear... 80 82 84 Amarillo, Tex., clear... 80 82 84 Dallas, Tex., clear... 80 82 84 Fort Smith, Ark., pt. cloudy... 80 82 84 Galveston, Tex., clear... 80 82 84 Memphis, Tenn., clear... 80 82 84 Meridian, Miss., clear... 80 82 84 New Orleans, La., clear... 80 82 84 Norfolk, Va., clear... 80 82 84 Richmond, Va., clear... 80 82 84 St. Louis, Mo., clear... 80 82 84 St. Paul, Minn., cloudy... 80 82 84

NORTHEAST—Buffalo, N. Y., cloudy... 80 82 84 Baltimore, Md., cloudy... 80 82 84 Cincinnati, O., cloudy... 80 82 84 Cleveland, O., cloudy... 80 82 84 Detroit, Mich., pt. cloudy... 80 82 84 Lynchburg, Va., cloudy... 80 82 84 New York, N. Y., cloudy... 80 82 84 Norfolk, Va., pt. cloudy... 80 82 84

NORTHWEST—Chicago, Ill., clear... 80 82 84 Denver, Colo., clear... 80 82 84 Dodge City, Kas., clear... 80 82 84 El Paso, Tex., clear... 80 82 84 Kansas City, Mo., clear... 80 82 84 North Platte, Neb., clear... 80 82 84 Omaha, Neb., clear... 80 82 84 St. Louis, Mo., clear... 80 82 84 St. Paul, Minn., cloudy... 80 82 84

Virginia and North Carolina—Showers, probably clearing in the afternoon; southern winds. South Carolina, Georgia and Eastern Florida—Generally fair Tuesday; light southerly winds.

West Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Fair; light southerly winds. Tennessee—Fair; light southerly winds. Alabama—Fair; light southerly winds.

OUT OF A MOB'S HANDS. A Sancy Negro Rescued by Patrolman Harris in the Nick of Time.

Ed Clower, a negro in the service of the Ballard house in the capacity of porter, came near getting used up by an angry mob in front of the union station yesterday.

Clower made some insulting remark about two women that passed the station, and the big crowd of porters and hackmen who frequent the locality about the station entrance took exception to it and were just in the act of beating the negro when he was rescued by Patrolman John Harris.

Yesterday the usual gang of porters and hackmen were standing around talking when two women came by. Clower looked at them and made a remark. Several of the hearers walked up to him and demanded a retraction, which the negro refused to make. The crowd then became angered and two or three white men and negroes started toward him, threatening to make him retract the insult or beat him into insensibility. One of the porters in the crowd saw at a glance that serious trouble was brewing, and he ran into the station after Officer Harris, who quickly responded and took the negro from the mob before he had been injured.

Clower was quickly placed in the patrol wagon and carried to the police station and locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct.

The negro will be tried in the police court this afternoon.

For Dehydrated Meat, Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. J. B. Alexander, Charlotte, N. C., says: "It is not only pleasant to the taste, but ranks among the best of nerve tonics for debilitated men."

Another New York Palace Hotel. About August 1st will occur the opening of the Albemarle Hotel, 24th st. and Broadway, facing that most beautiful of small parks, Madison Square. It is justly considered the finest location in the metropolis. The principal theaters, shops and public places are within short walking distance.

The improvements that have been made in the Albemarle have so changed it that its oldest patrons would hardly recognize the house. Another story has been added, and in its mail, telephone and all systems several ingenious improvements have been introduced, so that the whole is remarkably complete and comfortable.

The interior fittings and decorations are extremely beautiful and effective—nothing that a man of taste and good sense would suggest being wanting for the comfort, luxury and safety of the guests.

The hotel is fitted with sanitary plumbing and every precaution of construction and arrangement to prevent fire has been taken.

The proprietor is Mr. O. B. Libbey, for twenty-five years the host of the famous Brevinck, a house and man known to travelers from every civilized country.

Families may have suites of two or more rooms, while for bachelors and transient guests peculiarly comfortable and attractive rooms, with and without baths, are provided.

The cafe, restaurant, reading and reception rooms are probably more perfect for their purpose than any similar rooms in the entire world.

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MAY SAVE HIS NECK.

Solicitor Hill Believes Hanging Too Much for Duncan.

ARGUMENT FOR A NEW TRIAL YESTERDAY

It Was the First Case Called Yesterday Morning—What Colonel Glenn Says of the Situation.

It is a settled fact that Adolphus Duncan, charged with having criminally assaulted Mrs. Sanner, will not be hanged, though he has been twice convicted and twice sentenced to be hanged.

Solicitor Hill made his argument yesterday stating that he did not want to see Duncan hanged, and did not believe that the evidence justified such an extreme verdict.

In the last trial of Duncan Colonel W. C. Glenn was on the side of the defendant. The case was tried before Judge Marcus Beck, the young judge who revolutionized the Atlanta bar for the time with his stern rulings.

Colonel Glenn made a hard fight for his client, but for a second time the verdict of guilty was brought in. Judge Beck did as Judge Clark had done before him and sentenced Duncan to be hung on June 21. Judge Beck evidently believed in the guilt of Duncan for he was very severe in his language when sentencing him.

Yesterday morning the Duncan case was the first called before the supreme court. Colonel Glenn devoted the greater portion of his argument to the objections made by the defense to the verdict and the refusal of Judge Beck to grant a new trial. One of the points argued by Colonel Glenn was that Mrs. Sanner first swore that there was an attempt at criminal assault and when she found that the negro could get out on bond she changed her mind and swore that he accomplished his purpose.

Colonel Glenn declared that if Duncan was hanged it would be judicial murder and that the supreme court, in order to prevent it, should grant a new trial.

Solicitor Hill then argued the case, deprecating the greater portion of his speech to the last trial. When he had finished he was questioned by two of the justices.

Solicitor Hill's Frankness. "We hold this man's life in the balance, Mr. Hill," said Judge Simmons to the solicitor, "and the case is therefore a very important one. Do you think there should be a new trial granted?"

Solicitor Hill answered that he did not believe that a new trial should be granted. "I wish to ask you a question," said Judge Lumpkin, "and you need not answer it unless you desire to. Would you let the negro be hung on the evidence that has been introduced?"

"I would not grant a new trial," said Solicitor Hill, "but to be perfectly frank with you, I would ask the governor to commute this sentence. I think that the verdict of guilty is a just one, but I think that the punishment is too severe."

What Colonel Glenn Says. Colonel Glenn, of Glenn & Rountree, which firm represented Duncan, is very happy over the outlook for his client.

"Duncan is not guilty of the crime of assault and he will never hang. The reply made by Solicitor Hill to the supreme court in answer to certain queries is sufficient to show that."

"I have never believed so now. The guilty and I don't believe so now. The punishment, as Solicitor Hill said, is too great under the evidence, as the evidence was not strong enough to convict."

CHIEF VERNER'S CUE. The County Police Will Give a Big Barbecue Next Thursday.

The chief of the county police, Captain A. M. Verner, will give a big barbecue complimentary to the friends of the county police next Thursday.

The cue will be spread at the spring near the Fulton county convict camp, on Bellwood avenue, and promises to be one of the most successful of the season.

A large number of invitations have been sent out and Chief Verner and his men are making big preparations to entertain their guests. All the usual viands of a well-regulated barbecue will be laid out, and, in addition to which some of the best barbecue story tellers have been engaged for the occasion.

The county commissioners, Mayor King, Chief Verner, Captain Wright, Captains Jennings, Manley and Joiner, and a large number of public officials have accepted invitations to be present and the affair will be an enjoyable one.

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MAYNARD'S HOMOEOPATHIC REMEDIES

No matter what the disease is or how many doctors have failed to cure you, ask your druggist for a 25-cent vial of one of Maynard's Remedies, and if you are not benefited your money will be refunded. This Company puts up

A cure for every disease

EDUCATIONAL.

COX COLLEGE.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE. Over fifty years under the control of one family, and in their full possession forty-five years, has been removed from LaGrange, Ga., and opens its 3rd session in Manchester College Park, Atlanta, September 11, 1900. The new brick building, with electric lights, water-works, steam-heating, accommodates 100 boarders. Campus of 25 acres. Library, museum, laboratory, telescope. Thirty in faculty. Mrs. Sallie Cox Stanton and Miss Alice Cox, Directors of Music. Pupils attend Exposition; Autumn Day, Nov. 7. European party next summer. Address C. C. Cox, Pres., or W. W. Cox, Bus. Manager, MANCHESTER, GEORGIA.

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AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND. The best and cheapest Business College in America. Thorough instruction in Shorthand, Bookkeeping, and all the latest methods of instruction. Big demand for graduates. Catalogue free. RELIABLE & CRICHTON, 1000 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA WOMAN'S COLLEGE. D. W. GWIN, (Chartered) Co-President. W. B. SEALS, A.M., Assisted by a full corps of brilliant instructors in all departments. The scientific method of instruction pursued. Liberal accommodations for boarding pupils. Address Mrs. W. B. Seals, Business Manager, 701-9th St., Atlanta, Ga

LOOKING FOR 5,000.

The Convention Will Bring an Enormous Crowd to Griffin.

A \$2,500 JOB AND A CHANGE OF BASE

Colonel Tom Crenshaw Will Materialize Senator Morgan—It Will Be a Remarkable Assembly.

Hon. T. C. Crenshaw came up from Griffin and spent yesterday in Atlanta on business.

To a reporter of The Constitution he said: "The Griffin convention bids fair to be the most notable one held in Georgia for the past ten years. The indications are that there will be from five to ten thousand people there. All Griffin is interested in the entertainment of those who come. I notice that only a few weeks ago the gold standard newspapers of the state were predicting that the convention would be a failure, and that nobody would be there. Now they have entirely changed their tune, and after having done everything else to keep the crowd away, they say that Griffin has done nothing in the way of preparation for entertainment, and that the crowd will be so big that they cannot be cared for. In so big that they have to keep the people away. But we will have plenty of room for all who come, and every railroad entering Griffin has arranged to run special trains so that the people can come in that morning and the night, running to Macon, Atlanta, Rome and almost anywhere else as late as 9 o'clock at night. We expect not less than five thousand people to hear Senator Morgan, and we are going to have a regular old-fashioned Georgia meeting—the kind we used to have before the war. Senator Morgan will speak in an open grove and the committee of arrangements is now preparing for the seating of the crowd. Mr. R. H. Drake, one of the most prominent merchants of Griffin, is at the head of this committee, and he is assisted by the very best people of Griffin. We will have several great barbecues to help feed the crowd and nothing will be left undone to administer to the comfort and the pleasure of our guests."

Mr. Crenshaw wrote to Senator Morgan several days ago requesting him to be his guest while in Griffin, and he received yesterday the following reply from the distinguished Alabama senator:

"Senate Chamber, Washington, D. C., July 13, 1895.—My Dear Mr. Crenshaw—I accept with pleasure your kind invitation. I shall enjoy your hospitality while I am in Griffin. I will arrive in Griffin on the 17th of July.

"Your uncle, Walter Crenshaw, was a warm friend to me, and I remember him with affection. Sincerely yours, JOHN T. MORGAN."

A Talk with Judge Hunt.

Judge John J. Hunt, president of the Spalding county bimetallic league, said to The Constitution yesterday, over the telephone, that everything was auspicious and that the attendance promised to exceed the most sanguine expectations. "He says that every county in the state will be represented, and counts on the crowd being not less than five thousand, notwithstanding," said he, "the constant efforts of certain newspapers to discredit the convention and discourage attendance. They have made deliberate misrepresentations day after day, but to no effect. Even my own position has been misrepresented in interviews, and only a few days ago I was quoted as having said that we were on the defensive, whereas I said nothing of the sort. I did say that those who believed in the restoration of silver should organize, because the gold standardists had taken the initiative by calling the first convention at Memphis, and this being done, that those who were in favor of protecting the people's interests should rally to the defense of silver as a standard money metal, but it is not necessary for me to attempt to detail the misrepresentation which we have been subjected to, because it has done no possible harm. The convention is going to be an overwhelming success, and it will be attended by many of the most distinguished men in Georgia."

The "Nigger in the Woodpile."

It will be remembered that a few days ago great stress was laid on the fact that Mr. Thomas Hall, of Griffin, who was an original member of the Spalding county bimetallic league, had "changed his mind" on the currency question, and was not now for free silver.

This was received with considerable surprise at first, but now that the facts are known less surprise is manifested.

Mr. Hall's brother-in-law has just been appointed to a \$2,500 job as an Indian agent in the interior department, and he has already gone west on his mission. Mr. Hall is not now as earnest for silver's restoration as formerly. Thus, one by one, as the leaves drop, the cause becomes manifest.

THE OPERA SINGERS.

Rehearsal Commenced Yesterday at the Lyceum Theater.

Stage Manager Jones had his sleeves rolled up yesterday, and was busy rehearsing Manager Mathew's opera company, and, judging from rehearsals, the company will be the strongest summer opera company that has ever appeared in Atlanta.

J. Aldrich Libbey, with his massive physique, was in excellent voice, as was also the prima donna, Miss Kaapp. Freer and Louis, the company kept the entire company in a good mood by their latest jokes and gags, while Director McGee was trying to keep the choruses in time.

Manager Mathew looked happy as he read over his large subscription list of over eight hundred names.

"I look for a tremendous house next Monday night," said he. "I will open the box office at half price, and expect to have the entire house sold out by Monday. I have made arrangements with some of the railroad men, and I am going to try to make a season of opera the best Atlanta has ever experienced."

"Hussar" will be given for the first three nights, and Millock's tuneless opera will be heard to advantage. "Beggars Student" will follow for the last part of the week, with a matinee on Saturday.

CARRIED A GUN.

Brad Holland Arrested for Disorderly Conduct Gets Into Serious Trouble.

Brad Holland got himself into considerable trouble night before last, by getting arrested with a pistol in his pocket. He got into a dispute with a man and was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct.

When searched at the station house a pistol was found on him, and he was bound over to the city court by Acting Recorder Mayson yesterday afternoon for carrying concealed weapons, in addition to being fined \$10 for disorderly conduct.

His bond was placed at \$50 by the court, which he was unable to give.

'T WAS A BUSY DAY

Many Leading Concerns Were Assigned Spaces Yesterday.

WORK AT THE GROUNDS PROGRESSING

Clara Meier Was Sixteen Feet in Water Last Night and Another Main Will Be Laid To Increase the Supply.

Yesterday was a busy day with the heads of the exposition and every department was in a rush. The interest that has been taken in the exposition by leading states throughout the entire country has even surprised the most sanguine friends of the movement, and space has been secured by some of the largest manufacturers in the world.

Applications for space came in rapidly yesterday and many assignments were made. The space in the several buildings is now almost taken, and those who come from now on will have to be satisfied with only small floor space. In a few days some of the exhibits that were secured among the first, will be placed in position in the buildings, and the scene at the grounds will be full of life and activity.

Most all of the buildings are practically ready for occupancy and the work that has been accomplished in the past few days has been enormous. The work at the grounds is being pushed rapidly and most all of the landscape work has been done. The shrubbery has been set out and everything is being put into good shape. The grounds will be wired in a few days and all of the currents that will run through the buildings will be turned on just as soon as the work of stringing the cables is completed. The cables will conduct the strong-current that has been carried on the cable, and will require a voltage of 75,000 to light up the grounds and buildings. These wires and cables will be placed in position in a few days and then that part of the work will be ready.

The water Clara Meier was in rising each day, and in the deepest part of the lake the water measured sixteen feet last night. When the water was first turned on only one main was used. This was a six-inch pipe, and the water was allowed to run only during the night. In a few days another main the same size was placed on the grounds, through which the water was carried to the lake. On next Thursday will another main will be ready, which makes three six-inch mains that empty the water into the vast excavation. The water is now allowed to run both day and night, and it will not be many weeks until the water reaches the top.

New York Site Selected.

At a meeting of the Driving Club held yesterday morning in the office of the Peter's Land Company, it was decided that the proposition made them by New York City to erect upon the property where the clubhouse is now located, the building which will stand on the ground now occupied by the clubhouse, and which will be a permanent building, and will be one of the most elegant clubhouses in the south. The property upon which the building is located is not owned by the club, but was secured on a long-time lease. An effort will now be made to purchase the property and it will be handsomely improved in many ways.

Much Space Assigned Yesterday.

One of the largest concerns that will have an exhibit was secured yesterday. It was the Singer Sewing Machine Company, and a large amount of space was given to the company. The company proposes to have on exhibition a complete factory, and the process of manufacture will be shown in all its details. They will have many men work all of the time and the entire work of manufacture will be carried on at their factories.

The Winchester Arms Company was assigned space yesterday, and their display will be exceedingly good. The different guns that are manufactured by the company will be made and polished in their exhibit, and the display will be interesting and instructive.

The Simonds Manufacturing Company, of Chicago; the S. A. Woods Machine Company, and other large concerns were granted space.

The Souvenir Medals.

Yesterday afternoon the design for the official souvenir medal was forwarded to Washington, where the medals will be minted from the government coin press. The medals will be made from bronze and will be the exact size of a silver quarter.

On the face of the medal will be a barge of cotton, on which is perched, with outstretched wings, a phoenix. Under the barge of cotton are shown the rays of the fire of 1865, with the year 1865 printed. Above are the figures 1895. Around the edges of the medal are printed the words "Cotton States and International Exposition," and at the lower side of the coin are the words, "Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A., September 18th, December 31, 1895."

On the back of the medal will be a bust of Henry W. Grady, and around the edges will be, "Official Souvenir Medal."

The medal will be very handsome in design and will be coined by the mint, and the design is most appropriate indeed.

South Carolina Comes.

A letter was received yesterday morning at exposition headquarters from Governor Evans, of South Carolina, saying that the state officials and members of the state assembly were anxious to come to Atlanta during the exposition, and asked that Thanksgiving Day be set aside as South Carolina day.

The letter will have the attention of the directors, and it is very probable that the day named will be made South Carolina day. The Palmetto State will be well represented and will be one of the chief features of the exposition.

Nicaragua's Canal.

The Nicaragua canal, in miniature, will be one of the chief works at the exposition. This exhibit was secured Saturday and the fact that it will be in relief and a great work of art, as it is coupled with the wonderful engineering feat of the age that has given to the world this mammoth undertaking, will make it all the more interesting and attractive.

The model that will be on exhibition will be an exact reproduction of the work that has been accomplished on the canal, and will show in marvelous reality the construction of the great enterprise. The model will give the entire line of the canal, and the topography of the wild country through which it has been constructed will be shown exactly as it is.

This same exhibit was at the Paris exposition and the world's fair and attracted a great deal of attention. It will be placed in the transportation building and space was assigned for that purpose yesterday.

FAZEL G. COLLINS.

California and Maryland Are Coming to the Exposition.

MORE VALUABLE EXHIBITS SECURED

The Illinois Party That Was Expected Last Week Will Probably Reach the City Early This Morning.

California is coming!

Not satisfied with the success that she achieved in her midwinter show, California is coming to see the sights of Atlanta this fall, and she will bring with her a wonderful display of her resources.

Yesterday the information was received at headquarters that the convention of the county supervisors of California was in session and that one of the leading questions discussed at the meeting was in regard to bringing the exhibit that was made at the world's fair to the exposition. This exhibit will be brought if the money that will be necessary with which to send it is appropriated. This exhibit cost more than \$100,000 to collect, and it will cost \$100,000 to bring it to Atlanta. The county supervisors, under the California law, have the power to appropriate certain sums of money for exposition purposes, the amounts varying according to the size of the counties. It is very likely that this amount will be appropriated and the exhibit sent.

California is eager to visit the south, and she will be only too glad to place in the exposition an exhibit of her wonderful resources. The collection that will probably be sent is one of the largest that has ever been sent to the world's fair. It consists of the many varieties of fruit that are raised in that state, and all of the mining interests will be fully shown by specimens of ores. The officials of California have been actively at work in the preparation of the exhibit, and the meeting that was held yesterday in San Francisco demonstrated the fact that she would be represented at the show.

Secretary Fletcher, of the California state board of education, has been actively at work in the behalf of the exposition. It was through his efforts that the meeting of the county supervisors was held, and he has been pressing the matter for many weeks in this state.

Maryland Falls Into Line.

Maryland wants representation, and when the gates of the exposition open a large exhibit of the manufacturing interests of that state will be on hand.

Baltimore will have her expected business interests on exhibition and will contribute a large display. The citizens of that city are thoroughly in sympathy with the exposition, and they will be here in force this fall. The houses in that city have not overlooked the fact that centennials and expositions that are held in cities are one of the great sources from which material success will spring, and consequently Baltimore is one of the best exposition cities in the country. She will have a tremendous exhibit at the exposition. Governor Brown, of Maryland, has but recently appointed a board of commissioners to the exposition to coordinate the interests of the state. The commission consists of John E. Hurt, William T. Brigham, R. W. Cator, Eugene Levering, T. Edward Hambleton, D. L. Bartlett, E. S. Gary, R. N. Sutton, W. T. Dixon, W. H. Baldwin, J. Frank Supplee and P. H. McGill.

The names that appear upon this list represent the wealth and energy of Baltimore. Mr. Hurt is chairman of the commission, and is president of one of the largest wholesale houses in that city. Mayor Cator is the general manager of the wholesale millinery house of Armstrong, Cator & Co., and is one of the wealthiest and most influential men in Baltimore. Mr. Eugene Levering is one of the millionaire capitalists of Baltimore, and is one of the most liberal men in the country. Only recently he made the princely gift of \$50,000 to the Johns Hopkins university. He is also a great churchman and has for many years been a prominent spirit in the Baptist denomination.

With such men at the helm the success of the exhibit that Maryland will make is a close thing, and the north involved in the exhibition at an early day and will make all the arrangements necessary.

Illinois Delegation Expected Today.

The delegation of Illinois commissioners are expected to arrive in the city this morning. They have been expected since Saturday, but it was learned yesterday that they have been making arrangements for the exhibit, which detained them, and instead of leaving Chicago Friday as such much expected, they will not leave until that city Saturday. The people of the Windy City are going to invade Atlanta early in the fall, and they will send down a party of capitalists numbering three hundred and representing more than \$500,000.

TEXAS ON WHEELS.

The State Cannot Get in the Grounds and Will Send Cars.

Houston, Tex., July 15.—(Special.)—The state meeting called by the Houston Business League to consider a plan to have Texas represented at the Atlanta exposition, was held today. A letter from the director general of the Atlanta exposition indicated that no space could be allotted for an exhibit from Texas in any of the buildings, and that the only way to make an exhibit would be for Texas to erect a building on the grounds. The letter also stated that it would be impossible to run a railroad track into the grounds to make a car exhibit. A resolution was adopted favoring a car exhibit and to pay the expense it was decided to call upon the leading citizens of the state to subscribe \$5,000. The following committee was appointed to raise the money: W. B. Slosson, of Houston; R. R. Claridge, of San Antonio; C. C. Allen, of Kerbyville; J. L. Pennington, of Fort Worth; Frank P. Holland, of Dallas; J. J. Fairbanks, of Denison; W. W. Dexter, of Houston. The plan is to make up an exhibit in two or more cars and the railroad will provide transportation for these cars and also provide for them while in Atlanta. The fruit palace at Tyler and their exhibits already made up assure the success of the plan.

PHILADELPHIA'S EXHIBIT.

The Display of Heavy Machinery Will Be a Wonder.

Philadelphia, July 15.—"Philadelphia is going to have a splendid exhibit of heavy machinery at the Cotton States exposition at Atlanta," said Secretary George E. Vickers, of the citizens exposition committee, today.

"Almost every firm engaged in the iron and steel industry will send specimens of their work. Heavy cotton and textile machinery will, of course, have the preference. I think Philadelphia's exhibit of cotton, textile and milling machinery will be as great as that at the world's fair."

"Pittsburg is making a great effort to test us. She is putting forth strenuous efforts to get her manufacturers to send a machinery exhibit that will outshine ours and will get a big space in the state building. Of course, we can easily beat her in carpets and other manufactured products, but our machinery manufacturers will have to wake up if we are to beat her in that line."

FOR REDUCED RATES

An Association of General Trades Formed Yesterday Morning.

INTERESTING LETTERS FROM CHICAGO

Another Meeting Will Be Held Here During September—Who the Temporary Officers Are.

The Southern Transportation Association, temporarily organized, was the result of the general trades' convention which was called last week to meet yesterday morning.

And the result of the new association, for which a constitution and by-laws have been adopted, was that there has been a general call promulgated, and there will be a big meeting in Atlanta on September 21st.

The object of the new association, which bids fair to become a strong one, is to formulate a plan to fight the alleged discrimination in freight rates as put out by the Southern Steamship and Railway Association.

Because of very short notice, the attendance was not large, but some important organizations were represented. There Newville, secretary, and the following named organizations had representatives: Georgia Truck Growers' Association, Charleston Truck Growers' Association, Southern Paper Mill Industry and the American Ticket Brokers' Association.

The meeting was called to order at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and work was begun in earnest at once. The temporary organization was: N. H. Eggleston, Jr., of Charleston, president; John D. Cunningham, Marietta, vice president, and Loring Newville, secretary.

The session opened with short talks by Mr. John Cunningham, Mr. Maynard and Mr. Eggleston, of Charleston. Mr. Eggleston is secretary and treasurer of the Charleston Truck Growers' Association. This is the largest organization of its kind in the country, and is one of the most successful.

A strong letter from Commissioner N. G. Clark, of the Chicago freight bureau, was read. He says that his association and the Chicago board of trade have been fighting against the unjust discrimination against the southern traders by the association here. He says that but for the "illegal acts of this high-handed, arbitrary combination," the Chicago trade would have long ago been far extended south.

He also says that he believes he desires action on the part of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association prevents the longed for interchange of business.

The letter closed by congratulating the association in advance for the fight it is about to make.

From Secretary George F. Stone.

A very interesting and strong letter was then read from Secretary Stone, of the board of trade of Chicago. Among other things, he writes:

"This board is more than pleased to observe that the merchants of the south have at last awakened to the gross injustice to their trade and important commercial interests of the present arrangement by which those interests are discriminated against in the matter of freight rates and charges by the Southern Railway and Steamship Association."

"This high-handed discrimination several years ago received the attention of the Chicago board of trade; and the Chicago freight bureau, of which this board is a member, joined with the Cincinnati trade bureau in complaints before the interstate commerce commission, setting forth the injustice to the business interests of the United States by the southern district of Ohio to compel compliance with its order. This proceeding is now pending in court. No doubt the Southern Railway and Steamship Association will exhaust every resource at its command before it complies with the order of the commission."

Mr. Stone tells of the efforts made by Chicago to overcome the "injustice perpetrated by the association and bring about such much speed in its work as will promote and largely increase the commercial relations between Chicago and the south."

"No company," says the writer, "no association and no combination of any kind should be permitted to hinder or discourage those great plans, not only inaugurated, but which are being prosecuted, having in view the increased prosperity of the people and the promotion of the varied interests of the south."

In conclusion the secretary states that the brief time given for the selection of delegates made it impracticable for Chicago to be represented other than by proxy.

In another letter written on July 15th, which was read, Secretary Stone, writing of the duties of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, says:

"This association should on every occasion foster and promote the rights of the public so far as it has relations to the public. It should stand for absolute equity as between transportation advantages and the merchant. The humblest merchant should receive all the benefit extended to the most prominent and wealthier merchant or corporation. It should be made to realize that it has a direct responsibility and accountability to the public for the manner in which its organization or plans, and that its policy should be adopted or urged which in any way is contrary to the rights of the humblest merchant among its patrons. It is probable that the matter of freight rates or which sustains so vital a relation to every industry in the country and to its general prosperity, social and commercial, as that of transportation."

"These significant transportation corporation should be made to feel that the law affecting the rights of citizens in the matter of transportation is potent, and that the rights of merchants and of the public will not only be insisted upon, but will be maintained and secured."

To Meet During the Exposition.

It was first decided that there should be a meeting of the new association on September 21st, but that date, after consultation, was changed.

It has been decided to hold the meeting on September 24th. This will be during the exposition, and no doubt it will be very largely attended. The general trades do not believe that the matter of freight rates has been properly adjusted and there will follow a lengthy and determined fight.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

WHERE IS THE CAUSE?

Georgia Tax Values Will Fall Way Below the Mark of '94 This Year.

SIX COUNTIES SHOW A BIG SHRINKAGE

There Has Been an Average Falling Off of \$53,000 in Each County—What Mr. Furlow Says.

Georgia tax returns for the period dating from April 1, 1894, to April 1, 1895, do not promise a very encouraging showing this year.

The counties which have made returns to the comptroller General Wright up to date show an alarming decrease in value, and Captain C. T. Furlow, of the comptroller's office, who keeps in close touch with all the tax receivers, says that this discouraging shrinkage will be shown by a great many counties in the state.

Exactly six counties have been heard from up to date, and without exception they show a decrease in taxable values. Within the next twenty-five days tax delinquents will be returned from every county in the state and the gloomy story of continued shrinkage will be added to.

Captain Furlow says that the counties will begin to send in their digests the latter part of this week and they will come in at the rate of about five a day until August 15th, by which date all of them are required to be in the comptroller general's office.

"I have only received six," said Captain Furlow, yesterday. "Mention was made in The Constitution of the first two, Clinch and Forsyth. These show a falling off in tax values of \$175,000, as compared with the year before. The other counties heard from show an average shrinkage of \$53,000 each."

"The counties heard from are Towns, which falls \$21,881 behind last year's returns; Hancock, which shows a shrinkage of \$115,738 since last year; Pulaski, which has lost in value \$52,560 in the same time; and Madison, which falls behind to the tune of \$75,873."

"From the information I have it seems that this shrinkage will be general. Of course it is impossible to tell before the exact figures come in, but from letters and personal statements from the tax receivers, I have every reason to believe that the total valuation of Georgia property will show a big decrease when all the returns are in. I have not yet had time to prepare my table showing in what direction this shrinkage has been most disastrous. All of the returns will be in by August 15th. Then I can make some statement as to the full shrinkage."

Don't forget to buy your groceries today, for tomorrow we will go to the ocean.

OFF 1/4 OFF

All our Men's Suits subjected to a discount of 25 per cent. The variety includes Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds, Summer Tweeds, Scotch Homespun, Melanges and Serges. They are our own manufacture and the original retail prices were far below competition.

Our \$10.00 Suits, worth \$12.50...	Now \$7.50	Our \$16.50 Suits, worth \$20.00...	Now \$12.38
Our \$12.50 Suits, worth \$15.00...	Now \$9.37	Our \$18.00 Suits, worth \$22.50...	Now \$13.50
Our \$15.00 Suits, worth \$18.00...	Now \$11.25	Our \$20.00 Suits, worth \$25.00...	Now \$15.00

Bargains in Trousers.

Men's Odd Trousers, Worth up to \$2.75; now.....	\$1.98
Men's Odd Trousers, Worth up to \$4.00; now.....	\$2.98
Men's Odd Trousers, Worth up to \$5.50; now.....	\$3.98
Men's Odd Trousers, Worth up to \$7.00; now.....	\$4.98

SPECIAL A large lot of Men's Office Coats, 50c

worth \$1.00; now.....

Men's Swell Negligee Shirts Greatly Reduced.

All Straw Hats at Half Price.

Children's Wash Suits 25 % Discount

Our variety of Boys' Wash Suits was never so rich or complete. The weather is just right for them. We waive all conditions in our and their favor and offer them to you at regular prices less 25 per cent discount. We have all the exquisite effects.

Children's Wool Suits 33 1-3 % Discount

This department is brimming with beauty and novelty. Everything that appeals to the taste and prudence of discriminating shoppers is here in profusion. Light and medium weights and colors in all the fashionable fabrics. Notwithstanding all this prices are off 33 1-3 per cent.

EISENMAN BROS.,

15-17 Whitehall Street.

UP THE LADDER.

The Atlanta Went a Round, Higher and Hope to Repeat It.

SAMMY MORAN IS NOT FEELING WELL.

Over the Reception the Atlanta Gave Him Yesterday a Put Up a Fine Game, but Was Wild.

Southern Association Standing.			
CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.
Nashville...	42	20	22
Evansville...	42	19	23
Atlanta...	42	18	24
Memphis...	42	17	25
New Orleans...	42	16	26
Chattanooga...	42	15	27
Little Rock...	42	14	28
Montgomery...	42	13	29

Sammy Moran, the twirler of the Nashville, yesterday met that sad fate which sooner or later befalls all aspiring pitchers who go against the heavy hitting Atlanta. He went down before the hitters and Hornung.

In the entire throng there was not one who was not in the best of humor and was not a dandy puller for the home team. When the game opened Manager Knowles presented Norton for the boxwork, while Manager Stallings sent up Sammy Moran. It was Moran who took two of the games from Atlanta last week and the Atlanta fans had begun to look upon him as almost invincible. His appearance made quite a number shaky in their faith and there were some who were willing to predict a loss, so afraid of Moran were they. But before the game was over the Atlanta got on him with both feet and the work they gave him felters to do was hard and exhausting.

Apart from his wildness, Norton did some excellent work. He was very wild and in every run the Nashville made a base on balls or hitting a batter figured. Four bases on balls and four attempts to send the pig skin through a batter were enough to lose any game, but even with that he managed to keep out of the hole and to pull the game his way. In all only six hits were made off him and only three were made up to the eighth inning. The game was Atlanta's then almost beyond a doubt and he might be let down, rather than keep up the hard strain. The features of the game were the fielding by Atlanta's outfield, the hitting the Atlanta did in the second inning, the batting of Deleahanty and Stallings' long running catch, Atlanta's outfield had ten put-outs, Friel getting five, Goodenough getting three and Friel, two. In the third inning, with one man out and Hornung at bat, base, McDade, Smith and Norton made two-baggers just as fast as they could come to the plate. In the second Stallings had a long run for a ball off Deleahanty's bat and robbed the pitcher of a two-bagger, and not satisfied with that made a throw so accurate and quick to the home plate that Norton was cut off by Trost.

Atlanta...	ab.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
Deleahanty...	4	2	3	0	4	3	0	0	0
Knowles...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Wilson...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Friel...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Goodenough...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Hornung...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
McDade...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Smith...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Norton...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Totals...	42	10	12	4	27	10	0	0	0

Nashville...	ab.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.	h.
Stallings...	4	2	3	0	4	3	0	0	0
Butler...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Cleve...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Wright...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Sweeney...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Meyers...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Ritz...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Lynch...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Moran...	5	1	1	1	3	2	0	0	0
Totals...	42	10	12	4	27	10	0	0	0

McDade out for not touching second.
Score by innings:
Atlanta... 3 0 0 1 1 4 0-5
Nashville... 0 0 1 1 0 0 0-5
Summary: Earned runs—Atlanta, 3. Two-base hits—McDade, 2; Smith, 2; Norton, 2; Meyers, 2. Passed balls—Trost, 1. Error—Moran, 1. Bases on balls—Norton, 5; off Moran, 3. Hit by pitched ball—Norton, 1; Stallings, 1. Time, 1:45. Stolen bases—Deleahanty, Friel, Butler, Moran. Double plays—Deleahanty to Smith to Knowles; 2; Stallings to Trost. Time of game, one hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire, Mr. Cline.

THE GAME THIS AFTERNOON.

Manager Knowles Thinks He Will Be Able to Make It Three Straights.
Manager Knowles now thinks he will be able to make it three straight. Stallings is not at all pleased with the manner in which his warriors were trounced yesterday afternoon and says that he will have the same this afternoon or know the reason why.

Jimmy Knowles only laughs when he hears Stallings talk, saying that it is the same kind of "beef" he and all the managers put up when they lose a game.

Manager Knowles will present Callahan and as it will be his first appearance since he went away months ago, his admirers will be out in good numbers. Herman, one of Stallings' best men, will do the dealing for that corner of the table.

Atlanta...	Position...	Nashville...	Position...
Callahan...	Pitcher...	Herman...	Catcher...
Knowles...	First Base...	Trost...	Second Base...
Deleahanty...	Third Base...	Meyers...	Left Field...
Goodenough...	Center Field...	Butler...	Right Field...
Hornung...	Outfield...	Stallings...	Outfield...

New Orleans 10, Little Rock 3.
New Orleans, La., July 15.—A good crowd assembled at Sportsman's park to witness a grand pyrotechnic display, in which the local boys converted into a continuous stream of skyrocket and roman candles. Fourteen hits, including two doubles, was the result of the fireworks, and the locals strode off the field with another victory to their credit. Today's game was the one which was postponed from May 9th.

Score by innings: R H E
New Orleans... 3 2 0 4 0 0 0-10
Little Rock... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-3
Batteries—Smith and Gooding; Crinnion and Nle. Umpire—McFarlane.

Montgomery 10, Memphis 5.
Montgomery, Ala., July 15.—Montgomery won in a well-played game this afternoon. Both sides played good ball, but Burrell's wildness contributed more than anything else to the defeat of Memphis.

Score by innings: R H E
Montgomery... 3 2 1 0 4 0 0-10
Memphis... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-5
Batteries—Bailey and Rappold; Burrell and O'Meara. Umpire—Clarke.

National League Games.

At Louisville...	R H E
Louisville...	0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Brooklyn...	0 0 1 1 0 2 0-4
Batteries—Dinks and Spies; Lucid and Grim.	

At Cincinnati... R H E
Cincinnati... 2 0 2 0 1 2 0-3
Batteries—Parrott, Phillips and Vaughn; Dolan, Gerson and Ryan.

At St. Louis... R H E
St. Louis... 1 1 1 0 0 0 0-3
Batteries—Ehret, Staley and Miller; Rube.

At New York... R H E
New York... 1 1 1 0 0 0 0-3
Batteries—Ehret, Staley and Miller; Rube.

At Boston... R H E
Boston... 1 1 1 0 0 0 0-3
Batteries—Ehret, Staley and Miller; Rube.

York, but was knocked out in the first half of the first inning, Clarke relieving him. At Chicago... R H E
Chicago... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-0
Batteries—Thornton and Donohue; McGill, Lampe and Hootley.

The Cleveland-Baltimore game at Cleveland was postponed on account of rain. No game was scheduled for today between Pittsburgh and Washington.

One for Chattanooga.
Chattanooga, Tenn., July 15.—Chattanooga defeated Evansville in a snappy game for all game by a score of 4 to 3. Today is the expiration of the time salaries were guaranteed by the home backers of the Chattanooga club, and President Nicklin said tonight Montgomery would be given this city's franchise at the close of the Evansville series of games in the city, July 17th.

Score by innings: R H E
Chattanooga... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-4
Evansville... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-3
Batteries: Fy and Fischer; Blackburn and Fields. Umpire, Peltz.

The Franchise Goes to Mobile.
Mobile, Ala., July 15.—(Special.)—President Nicklin, of the Southern League, today wired the parties having the baseball matter in charge, that the Chattanooga team would be transferred here after the game of Wednesday, July 17th. Tickets are ready to bring the players here, and it is expected that they will report by Thursday noon and play Little Rock the same day. A fair sum of money has been subscribed by local enthusiasts. The baseball fever is high and prospects are bright for a successful termination of the season.

SALE OF GREAT RACERS.

Hastings, the Unbeaten Two-Year-Old, Brings \$37,000.
Sheephead Bay, N. Y., July 15.—The dissolution of the racing stable of Gideon & Daly took place at Sheephead Bay today. The prices realized were in many instances of the sensational order. The cheapest horse in the sale was Ramapo. The winner of the suburban and Metropolitan races of 1894 was knocked down to Duke deaps for \$6,000. His racing career is not nearly ended, as a big future awaits him in the stud. During his three years' career he has won \$7,190. The Butterflies, winner of the futurity in 1894, brought \$7,000, her former part owner paying this figure for her. August Belmont, chairman of the state racing committee and of the board of stewards of the Jockey Club, and owner of the Belmont stable, was the largest purchaser outside of Dave Gideon. Mr. Belmont bought Hastings, the unbeaten two-year-old son of Spendthrift and Cinderella, after a struggle with David Gideon. He paid \$37,000 for this great youngster. He also bought Keenan. He gave \$18,500 for this grand three-year-old. David Gideon bought Hasket for \$14,000. Philip J. Dwyer was the bidder up for the colt. The senior member of the firm also bought Requist, another successful youngster.

David Gideon will continue racing in his own name. His colors will be the famous dark blue. J. Hyland will train for him and H. Griffin will be his jockey. John Daly will retire from the turf.
The sale was well attended and the bidding spirited.

QUEEN'S COUNTY JOCKEY CLUB.

The Opening Day Races at Aqueduct Race Track Well Attended.
Aqueduct Race Track, July 15.—The Queen's County Jockey Club opened its meeting at this place today and the attendance was very large. The grounds, the venture will be a success. The grounds were well crowded when the post call summoned the candidates for the first race. Last year the course was only three-quarters of a mile in circumference. Additional ground was secured, however, to make it a mile around. The stretch is now fully three furlongs in length and the turns are very sharp, but as the fields will be heavy the narrow track and the sharp turns will not matter. The results of the races today proved a great set-back for the faithful, not one favorite winning. There is to be a change in the dates of both this track and Brighton. Those in charge have agreed to the plan and the Jockey Club has been asked to sanction it. The arrangement is that Brighton will reopen Monday and continue until August 10th. Racing will be held here from August 12th to the end of the season. The change is made to please the horse owners, who object to driving their horses back and forth every other week. Summaries:

First race, six furlongs, Junila won, Eclipse second, Tom Moore third. Time 1:17.
Second race, five furlongs, Emotional and Lorrana ran a dead heat, Herman third. Time 1:02.
Third race, one mile and a half, Buck won, Emotional second, Gold Dollar third. Time 1:23.
Fourth race, mile and a half, over hurdles, Winship won, Lafayette second, Alabo third. Time 1:54.

Oakley Races.

Oakley, O., July 15.—The fourth race for the hunk at seven furlongs was declared off on account of scratches. Sherlock's defeat of Ben Holliday was the feature of the day's racing. The track is getting very fast, a selling plate, Blanche Kehney, going seven furlongs in 1:27½ to the attendance of 1,500.

First race, five furlongs—Sherlock won, Ben Holliday second, Sidkel third. Time 1:14.
Second race, seven furlongs—Lakota won, Manoa second, Le Sanjo third. Time 1:28.
Third race, one mile—Tom Crowwell won, Charley Sullivan second, Japan third. Time 1:34.
Fourth race declared off.

Fifth race, mile and a half—Peabody won, Oakley second, Grannan third. Time 1:58.

WHEELMAN AT ASBURY PARK.

Postponed Races Run—Other Events of the Day.
Asbury Park, N. J., July 15.—The sixteenth annual meet of the League of American Wheelmen is a thing of the past. The thousands of delegates have scattered and gone their various ways, the races are a matter of history and the scenic elders of Ocean Grove breathe freer and easier. Today the town resumed its normal tranquility and lassitude. This afternoon, at the race track, the final heat of the two mile class B-handicap, with a horse, harness and carriage for the first prize, was run off, rain having prevented a decision on Saturday. Four other competitive events and several speed trials were arranged hurriedly to run out an afternoon of good sport, and a capital programme is provided for the remainder of the week. A number of the big races entered for the generous prizes, as the present is a vacation week on the national circuit and all the mighty pedal pushers are lying off here for a few days.

B. B. Bird, of St. Paul, won the equestrian outfit in the two mile, from 190 yards, riding a driving finish with Barnett and dropped out. Fred Titus rode from twenty yards and caught the second bunch, but none of them could reach the limit.

Continental, Gardner, Zeigler, MacDonald, and Kenedy, were lined up for the final of the class B mile open. Gardner ran up on the back stretch and led the sprint with McLeod, the sturdy Canadian, at his heels. Zeigler got a bad

position on the turn and could not recover, although he made a pretty light race. McLeod, the grand old Canadian, won the pole and beat McLeod and Titus on the stretch with McLeod lost in the scramble. Titus had the class B two-mile final up his sleeve all the way and won it prettily in a canter. McLeod, who finished with Allen at his side, "King" Michael, who rode with his pedals on the stretch when a place was within his grasp. Mosher, the Hudson river skating champion, was the class hero, winning both of his heats and finale with ease. In the special race for the class A winners of the meet, Joe Harrison, of Asbury Park, beat Mosher out at the tape in record style, Mosher appearing to be weary of well doing.

It was announced that the next race meet held at Asbury Park would be given August 17th by the Athletic Association, when class A, class B and professional events will be given. The officials today were: Referee, Isaac B. Potter, chief consul, New York gate; Judge, E. C. Bode, Dr. F. A. Myrick, Philip Young, timers, T. A. Zimmerman, Henry Goodman, A. R. Long.

The five-mile trial again took place, promoted by Harry Maddox, the local wonder, was not undertaken, Maddox pleading unit condition. Fred Titus offered to take Maddox's place and went for the five miles, paced by Harry Maddox, who was the winner. Earl, Saunders and George C. Smith, and the Berlo "quad" worked by McLeod, Barnett, Seavy and Mayo. The track was in bad shape but Titus, nevertheless, rode in 2:24, 2:25, 2:26, 2:27, 2:28, 2:29, 2:30, 2:31, 2:32, 2:33, 2:34, 2:35, 2:36, 2:37, 2:38, 2:39, 2:40, 2:41, 2:42, 2:43, 2:44, 2:45, 2:46, 2:47, 2:48, 2:49, 2:50, 2:51, 2:52, 2:53, 2:54, 2:55, 2:56, 2:57, 2:58, 2:59, 3:00, 3:01, 3:02, 3:03, 3:04, 3:05, 3:06, 3:07, 3:08, 3:09, 3:10, 3:11, 3:12, 3:13, 3:14, 3:15, 3:16, 3:17, 3:18, 3:19, 3:20, 3:21, 3:22, 3:23, 3:24, 3:25, 3:26, 3:27, 3:28, 3:29, 3:30, 3:31, 3:32, 3:33, 3:34, 3:35, 3:36, 3:37, 3:38, 3:39, 3:40, 3:41, 3:42, 3:43, 3:44, 3:45, 3:46, 3:47, 3:48, 3:49, 3:50, 3:51, 3:52, 3:53, 3:54, 3:55, 3:56, 3:57, 3:58, 3:59, 4:00, 4:01, 4:02, 4:03, 4:04, 4:05, 4:06, 4:07, 4:08, 4:09, 4:10, 4:11, 4:12, 4:13, 4:14, 4:15, 4:16, 4:17, 4:18, 4:19, 4:20, 4:21, 4:22, 4:23, 4:24, 4:25, 4:26, 4:27, 4:28, 4:29, 4:30, 4:31, 4:32, 4:33, 4:34, 4:35, 4:36, 4:37, 4:38, 4:39, 4:40, 4:41, 4:42, 4:43, 4:44, 4:45, 4:46, 4:47, 4:48, 4:49, 4:50, 4:51, 4:52, 4:53, 4:54, 4:55, 4:56, 4:57, 4:58, 4:59, 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Bill of Fare for July, 1895.

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MORE TIME FOR FORD

The Convicted Man Will Not Die at Bainbridge on Friday.

AN ADDITIONAL RESPITE OF 40 DAYS

He Is the Man Who Was Granted a Respite at a Critical Point in the Governor's Illness.

Governor Atkinson yesterday granted thirty more days of life to John Ford, who is under sentence to die at Bainbridge Friday, and who was granted a respite of thirty days while the governor was at the point of death.

The further respite was granted yesterday to give the governor plenty of time to investigate the merits of the case and grant executive clemency in case the facts warrant it. There is said to be strong doubt as to Ford's guilt, and the governor is determined that the man shall not die without being given an opportunity to establish his innocence.

The case of Ford will be remembered as having furnished one of the most dramatic incidents of the recent illness of Governor Atkinson.

It was on Wednesday night, Governor Atkinson was preparing to submit to the perilous operation for appendicitis. He called Secretary Calloway to his side and asked him if there were any important matters at the capital that needed his attention.

"There's nothing," said Secretary Calloway.

"What about that case of Ford, who is to be hanged at Bainbridge and who is petitioning for a respite?" asked the governor. "I didn't finish with that."

"Oh, Ford claims that there's some new evidence that will clear him," said Mr. Calloway. "You can't tell what justice there is in such a claim until it is investigated. They all claim that, you know."

"Write out a respite for him for thirty days," said the governor.

Secretary Calloway drew up the paper and it was presented to the governor, who signed it just before being placed under the surgeon's knife. Ford, who was to have been hanged three days later, was saved. The thirty days of grace expired Friday. Governor Atkinson has not been strong enough to investigate the case, and yesterday he signed an order granting Ford a respite until Friday, August 30th. In the meantime Governor Atkinson will investigate the case and find if there is any reason why executive clemency should be exercised. Ford was convicted of killing a young white man from Ohio, his motive being robbery.

Want a Respite for Eaton.

The son of Malachi Pitts, who was brutally murdered at Nickajack by Joe Eaton three weeks ago, and Mr. N. A. Morris, attorney, called at the governor's office yesterday to request that a reward be offered for Eaton's capture.

They recounted the story of the killing and both stated that every effort had been made to capture the man who did the killing.

"I am satisfied," said Mr. Pitts, "that the sheriff of Cobb county and his deputies did everything in their power to catch Eaton. They have failed to do it. I would like for this reward to be offered to stimulate officers elsewhere to look for him."

Mr. Morris made the statement that the sheriff and his deputies had scoured Cobb county time and time again without result. They had sent out circulars, had sent telegrams and had exhausted every reasonable method of finding the man.

"The reports that have gone out that they have failed to be vigilant enough in searching for this man Eaton come from a faction that has always been opposed to the sheriff," said Mr. Morris. "They circulated that report just to injure him. The people who know anything at all about the matter know that the sheriff and his deputies have been tireless in looking for Eaton."

"It may be that Eaton is within a few miles of where the killing occurred. It is a rough, hilly country, and is peopled by a great many of Eaton's relatives. They could easily hide him there for months without discovery. But the officers have searched for him over and over again."

It is believed by many that Eaton will give himself up when Cobb superior court convenes. They believe that he is remaining in hiding until that time to avoid the unpleasantness of lingering in jail. They base this belief on the fact that an attorney has already been employed to defend him when the case comes to trial.

The aged find needed strength in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It vitalizes the blood, invigorates the liver and keeps all the organs of the body in good condition and insures healthy action.

Cures indigestion and makes blood. The St. Louis A. B. C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Co. Bailey & Carroll, wholesale dealers.

Daylight Up the Potomac.

The Seaboard now sells tickets to Washington and all points north and east, via the Norfolk and Washington steamers, passing Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, Hampton Roads and Mount Vernon, the home of George Washington. Leave Atlanta at 12 o'clock noon, on vestibule; arrive in Norfolk the next morning at 7 o'clock. Arrive in Washington 7 p. m. Daylight trip up the Potomac river. For information call at ticket office, No. 6, Kimball house.

July 5 to 11

Prohibition. "The Hen Convention" at the Grand opera house, July 30th. Proceeds to go to the Georgia Prohibition Association for agitating the prohibition bill now pending before the legislature. July 14-17.

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Gave business in Thin Clothing vigorous impetus. They come here by the scores for Straw Hats, Negligee Shirts, Light Coats, Filmy Neckwear, Zephyry Underwear, Serge Suits and the like.

Our prices and qualities are incongruous—entirely too cheap. Such grades should be marked higher.

ISAAC LIEBMAN

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agent, No. 28 Peachtree Street.

The following are big bargains and must be sold at once.

\$4,000 buys a large 8-room house and five negro houses on beautiful lot fronting 60 feet on Larkin street and 315 feet on Lowe's lane. This property has paid \$90 per month rent and by an expenditure of several hundred dollars can be made to do so again. Same has been listed on my books at \$5,500. Must be sold this month, hence this sacrifice. This property has a good future and the party buying will double his money in two years. Call and get full particulars. There is a good living in this property alone.

I am going to sell a lot 48x229 on which there are good houses renting for \$20 per month on Magnolia street, very close in. Just in the line of improvement, Alabama street bridge, when extended will strike this place. Can be bought at a very low price. Will pay 15 per cent per annum. Will be pleased to show same.

\$2,000 buys two corner lots, one 37x200 to alley on Washington street, and one 30x230 on alley on Crew street. Either lot worth the money.

\$400 buys beautiful lot 50x145 on Gardner street, near Love street. Very cheap.

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